Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

# **Table Of Contents**

Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-10
Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	11
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	12
Statements of Cash Flows	13
Notes to Financial Statements	14-49
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits	50
Schedules of Employer Contributions – Last Ten Years – GASB No. 68	51
Schedules of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Last Ten Years – GASB No. 68	52
Supplemental Schedules	
Accounts Established by the General Revenue Bond Resolution	53
Combining Statements of Net Position	54
Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	56



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com

The Board of Directors Massachusetts Water Resources Authority

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position of the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority (the Authority) as of June 30, 2017, and the related statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of June 30, 2017, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



#### **Other Matters**

#### Prior Period Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, were audited by other auditors whose report dated August 31, 2016, expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (located on pages 3 through 10) and certain pension and other post-employment benefits information (located on pages 50 through 52) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Authority's financial statements. The schedule of Accounts Established by the General Revenue Bond Resolution, Combining Statements of Net Position and Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Supplemental Schedules) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Supplemental Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 24, 2017 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Boston, Massachusetts August 24, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

This section of the Authority's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

# Financial Highlights - Fiscal Year 2017

The fiscal year 2017 customer service revenues were approximately \$705.9 million. Of this amount, rate revenues represent approximately 98.4%, or \$694.9 million, and were \$22.4 million higher than fiscal year 2016. This was due to an increase in assessments.

Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation, were approximately \$286.3 million in fiscal year 2017. The 5.2% increase in total operating expenses over fiscal year 2016 is the result of increases in pension and pollution remediation expenses totaling \$11.8 million and an increase in watershed reimbursement costs of \$2 million, offset by a decrease in OPEB expenses of \$3.2 million.

Net nonoperating expenses increased \$10 million, or 4.9%, due to a \$16.2 million decrease in investment income and a decrease in debt service assistance receipts of \$0.5 million offset by a \$6.6 million decrease in interest expense. The decrease in investment income was primarily due to a decrease in the unrealized gain on investments. Higher long-term interest rates have caused the market values of investments to decrease. Interest expense decreased due to a combination of principal repayments and refunding/defeasance of outstanding debt.

Total assets at June 30, 2017 were approximately \$7.6 billion, a \$150.7 million, or 1.9%, decrease over total assets at June 30, 2016.

During fiscal year 2017, the Authority issued General Revenue Bonds 2017 Series B and General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2017 Series C for a total of \$323 million. The proceeds from these bonds were used to finance new capital projects and refund \$306.2 million of the Authority's outstanding bonds. The interest rates on these bonds range from 4% to 5%.

During fiscal year 2017, the Authority also issued General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2016 Series D for \$104.3 million. The proceeds from these bonds were used to refund \$102.5 million of the Authority's outstanding bonds. The interest rates on these bonds range from 3% to 5%.

Total capital assets (net of depreciation) were approximately \$6.0 billion at June 30, 2017, an \$84.7 million, or 1.4%, decrease over June 30, 2016. The decrease was primarily due to the rate of depreciation being higher than the rate of capitalization.

# Financial Highlights – Fiscal Year 2016

The fiscal year 2016 customer service revenues were approximately \$683.5 million. Of this amount, rate revenues represent approximately 98.4%, or \$672.4 million, and were \$22.1 million higher than fiscal year 2015. This was due to an increase in assessments.

Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation, were approximately \$272 million in fiscal year 2016. The 3.3% increase in total operating expenses over fiscal year 2015 is the result of increases in pension and OPEB expenses totaling \$9.3 million and increases in maintenance costs of \$2.7 million due to a fire at the Nut Island facility, offset by a decrease in pollution remediation expense of \$3.3 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

Net nonoperating expenses decreased \$13 million, or 6%, due to a \$3.3 million increase in investment income and an \$8.8 million decrease in interest expense and debt service assistance receipts of \$874,000. The increase in investment income was primarily due to an increase in the unrealized gain on investments. Lower long-term interest rates have caused the market values of investments to increase. A rise in short-term interest rates during fiscal year 2016 also caused increases in investment income. Interest expense decreased due to a combination of principal repayments and refunding/defeasance of outstanding debt.

Total assets at June 30, 2016 were approximately \$7.8 billion, a \$150.8 million, or 1.9%, decrease over total assets at June 30, 2015.

During fiscal year 2016, the Authority issued General Revenue Bonds 2016 Series B and General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2016 Series C for a total of \$747.6 million. The proceeds from these bonds were used to finance new capital projects and refund \$761.4 million of the Authority's outstanding bonds. The interest rate on these bonds is 3% to 5%.

Total capital assets (net of depreciation) were approximately \$6.1 billion at June 30, 2016, a \$100.8 million, or 1.6%, decrease over June 30, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to the rate of depreciation being higher than the rate of capitalization.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The financial section of this annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the financial statements and related notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information.

The financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall financial status. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information and other supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

### Financial Analysis of the Authority

### Net Position

The Authority's total net position at June 30, 2017 was approximately \$1.67 billion, a \$37.8 million decrease from June 30, 2016. Total assets decreased \$150.7 million, or 1.9%, to \$7.6 billion, and total liabilities decreased \$139.4 million, or 2.2%, to \$6.1 billion.

The Authority's total net position at June 30, 2016 was approximately \$1.7 billion, a \$7.5 million decrease from June 30, 2015. Total assets decreased \$150.8 million, or 1.9%, to \$7.8 billion, and total liabilities decreased \$91.9 million, or 1.5%, to \$6.2 billion.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

# **Net Position** (Dollars in thousands)

	(Done	ars in thousands)			
				Percentage	Percentage
				change	change
	2017	2016*	2015*	2017-2016	2016-2015
Current assets	\$ 132,459	\$ 134,180	\$ 130,438	(1.3%)	2.9%
Restricted assets	668,006	652,426	675,664	2.4%	(3.4)
Capital assets	6,023,414	6,108,090	6,208,870	(1.4%)	(1.6)
Other assets	824,142	903,998	934,545	(8.8%)	(3.3)
Total assets	7,648,021	7,798,694	7,949,517	(1.9%)	(1.9)
Deferred outflows of resources					
from pension	47,910	39,153	14,601	22.4%	168.2
Deferred outflows of resources	,	,	,		
derivative instruments	35,755	59,615	44,183	(40.0%)	34.9
Deferred outflows of resources	,	,-	,	(,	
refunded debt	68,344	94,840	73,204	(27.9%)	29.6
		,-	, .	( ,	
Current liabilities	349,139	282,777	356,568	23.5%	(20.7)
Payable from restricted assets	154,597	148,191	159,064	4.3%	(6.8)
Long-term debt	5,337,619	5,545,040	5,601,104	(3.7%)	(1.0)
Long-term lease	28,261	29,223	30,114	(3.3%)	(3.0)
Other liabilities	199,032	202,770	153,028	(1.8%)	32.5
Total liabilities	6,068,648_	6,208,001_	6,299,878	(2.2%)	(1.5)
Deferred inflows of resources					
from pension	11,810	5,586	6,983	111.4%	(20.0)
Deferred inflows of resources					
regulated activities	53,275	74,606	63,051	(28.6%)	18.3
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	729,903	679,739	632,029	7.4%	7.5
Restricted	299,824	306,949	290,362	(2.3%)	5.7
Unrestricted	636,570	717,421	789,202	(11.3%)	(9.1)
Total net position	\$1,666,297	\$1,704,109	\$1,711,593	(2.2%)	(0.4%)
		<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

<sup>\*</sup>Certain amounts were reclassified to conform to the fiscal year 2017 presentation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

# **Changes in Net Position**

The decrease in net position at June 30, 2017 was \$37.8 million, or 2.2%, as compared with June 30, 2016. The Authority's total operating revenues increased by 2.8% to \$716.8 million and total operating expenses increased 5.2% to \$286.3 million.

The decrease in net position at June 30, 2016 was \$7.5 million, or 0.4%, as compared with June 30, 2015. The Authority's total operating revenues increased by 4.2% to \$697 million and total operating expenses increased 3.3% to \$272 million.

### **Changes in Net Position**

(Dollars in thousands)

	(Donars	iii tiiousuiius)			
	2017	2016	2015	Percentage change 2017–2016	Percentage change 2016–2015
Operating revenues:					_
Customer service revenues	\$ 705,933	\$ 683,501	\$ 661,305	3.3%	3.4%
Other revenues	10,843	13,472	7,299	(19.5)	84.6
Total operating revenues	716,776	696,973	668,604	2.8	4.2
Operating expenses:					
Operations	106,844	98,972	102,322	8.0	(3.3)
Maintenance	30,799	30,978	28,323	(0.6)	9.4
Payments in lieu of taxes	8,191	8,129	7,966	0.8	2.0
Engineering, general, and administrative	140,435	133,959	124,792	4.8	7.3
Total operating expenses	286,269	272,038	263,403	5.2	3.3
Depreciation and amortization	201,481	197,128	194,000	2.2	1.6
Operating income	229,026	227,807	211,201	0.5	7.9
Nonoperating items:					
Regulatory accounting provisions	(62,714)	(72,162)	(41,634)	(13.1)	73.3
Net nonoperating expenses	(214,288)	(204,259)	(217,218)	4.9	(6.0)
Capital grants and contributions	7,224	38,190	6,429	(81.1)	494.0
Changes in derivative related accounts	2,940	2,940	2,940		
Total nonoperating items	(266,838)	(235,291)	(249,483)	13.4	(5.7)
Change in net position	(37,812)	(7,484)	(38,282)	405.2	(80.5)
Total net position – beginning of year	1,704,109	1,711,593	1,756,415	(0.4)	(2.6)
Restatement to comply with GASB 68			(6,540)		(100.0)
Total net position – end of year	\$ 1,666,297	\$ 1,704,109	\$ 1,711,593	(2.2%)	(0.4%)

During fiscal year 2017, the increases in customer service revenues were primarily due to the 3.34% increase in the rate revenue requirement (\$22.4 million).

 $\label{lem:management} Management's \ Discussion \ and \ Analysis-Required \ Supplementary \ Information$   $\ June\ 30,\ 2017\ and\ 2016$ 

(Unaudited)

Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization, were approximately \$286.3 million in fiscal year 2017. The 5.2% increase in total operating expenses over fiscal year 2016 is the result of increases in pension and pollution remediation expenses totaling \$11.8 million and an increase in watershed reimbursement costs of \$2 million, offset by a decrease in OPEB expenses of \$3.2 million.

Net nonoperating expenses increased \$10 million, or 4.9%, due to a \$16.2 million decrease in investment income and a decrease in debt service assistance receipts of \$0.5 million offset by a \$6.6 million decrease in interest expense. The decrease in investment income was primarily due to a decrease in the unrealized gain on investments. Higher long-term interest rates have caused the market values of investments to decrease. A rise in short-term interest rates during fiscal year 2017 also caused increases in investment income. Interest expense decreased due to a combination of principal repayments and refunding/defeasance of outstanding debt.

During fiscal year 2016, the increases in customer service revenues were primarily due to the 3.4% increase in the rate revenue requirement (\$22.1 million).

Total operating costs, before depreciation and amortization, were approximately \$272 million in fiscal year 2016. The 3.3% increase in total operating expenses over fiscal year 2015 is the result of increases in pension and OPEB expenses totaling \$9.3 million and increases in maintenance costs of \$2.7 million due to a fire at the Nut Island facility, offset by a decrease in pollution remediation expense of \$3.3 million.

Total operating costs, before depreciation and amortization, were approximately \$263.4 million in fiscal year 2015. The 3.7% decrease in total operating expenses over fiscal year 2014 is the result of a decrease in utility and maintenance costs.

In fiscal year 2016, net nonoperating expenses decreased \$13 million, or 6%, due to a \$3.3 million increase in investment income, an \$8.8 million decrease in interest expense and debt service assistance receipts of \$874,000. The increase in investment income was primarily due to an increase in the unrealized gain on investments. Lower long-term interest rates have caused the market values of investments to increase. A rise in short-term interest rates during fiscal year 2016 also caused increases in investment income. Interest expense decreased due to a combination of principal repayments and refunding/defeasance of outstanding debt.

# Operating Costs by Functionality (Dollars in thousands)

				Percentage	Percentage
				change	change
	2017	2016	 2015	2017–2016	2016–2015
Wastewater treatment and transport	\$ 95,636	\$ 96,427	\$ 93,870	(0.8%)	2.7%
Water treatment and transport	37,110	35,630	35,545	4.2	0.2
Water and wastewater quality	9,068	8,767	8,041	3.4	9.0
Metering and monitoring	5,079	4,980	6,662	2.0	(25.2)
Facilities planning, design, and construction	11,188	9,753	9,504	14.7	2.6
Management information systems	11,991	10,346	10,162	15.9	1.8
Administration and support	50,650	50,145	 48,625	1.0	3.1
Total direct operating costs	 220,722	216,048	 212,409	2.2	1.7
Indirect operating costs	65,547	55,990	50,994	17.1	9.8
Total operating costs	\$ 286,269	\$ 272,038	\$ 263,403	5.2%	3.3%

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

Wastewater and water treatment and transport experienced decreased spending due to the Nut Island fire costs incurred in fiscal year 2016. Facilities planning, design and construction costs increased due to the reorganization of a cost center from Metering and monitoring to Planning. Management information systems costs increased due to increased computer software licensing and upgrade expenses.

# Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Irrevocable Trust

In April 2015, the Authority established the MWRA Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Irrevocable Trust. The Trust was established for the sole purpose of providing for the advance funding of future costs of retired employee health insurance and other benefits provided to retirees. It is intended that the Trust shall constitute a "Qualified OPEB Trust" according to the standards set forth in GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Authority's Board of Directors appointed a five-member Board of Trustees, made up of Authority senior managers, to control and manage the trust.

An initial deposit of \$10.8 million was made to the trust upon establishment of the trust. The balance of the trust at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$22.8 million and \$16.1 million, respectively.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

# Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Authority had \$6.0 billion and \$6.1 billion of capital assets (net of depreciation), respectively. This includes land, construction in progress, plant and equipment for the water and sewer systems, furniture and fixtures, leasehold improvements, and motor vehicles and equipment. The Authority's net capital assets decreased approximately \$84.7 million, or 1.4%, during fiscal year 2017, primarily due to the rate of depreciation being higher than the rate of capitalization.

Capital Assets
(Net of depreciation, dollars in thousands)

						Percentage	Percentage
						change	change
	2017		2016		2015	2017-2016	2016-2015
Land	\$ 29,873	\$	29,868	\$	23,750	0.0%	25.8%
Construction in progress	127,423		115,758		205,582	10.1	(43.7)
Plant and equipment, water, and							
sewer systems	5,859,216	:	5,956,351		5,974,666	(1.6)	(0.3)
Furniture and fixtures	213		274		503	(22.3)	(45.5)
Leasehold improvements	291		303		315	(4.0)	(3.8)
Motor vehicles and equipment	 6,398		5,536		4,054	15.6	36.6
Total	\$ 6,023,414	\$ (	6,108,090	\$ (	6,208,870	(1.4%)	(1.6%)

#### **Debt Administration**

The Authority's bond sales must be approved by its board of directors (the Board) and must comply with rules and regulations of the United States Treasury Department. Neither the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the Commonwealth) nor any political subdivision thereof shall be obligated to pay the principal of, or premium or interest on, any debt outstanding and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to such payment.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

#### **Bond Resolutions**

Pursuant to its general bond resolution, the Authority must comply with a rate covenant that requires it to set rates to maintain revenues sufficient to pay: current expenses; debt service on indebtedness; required deposits to reserves; costs of maintenance, replacement, and/or improvements to the wastewater and water systems that are considered current expenses and any additional amounts the Authority may be required to pay by any law or contract.

In addition to the rate covenant, the Authority is required to meet two covenants with respect to debt service coverage. The primary debt service coverage requires that the Authority fix and adjust rates and charges to provide revenues available for bond debt service in an amount equal to 1.2 times that is required for debt service on all outstanding bonds, not including subordinated bonds. The subordinated debt service coverage requires that the Authority fix and adjust rates and charges to provide revenues available for bond debt service in an amount equal to 1.1 times that is required for debt service on all outstanding bonds, including subordinated bonds.

### Credit Rating

The Authority's \$3.2 billion Senior Lien General Revenue Bonds are rated Aa1 from Moody's Investors Service, AA+ by S&P Global Ratings and AA+ from FitchRatings. The \$817 million Subordinate Lien General Revenue Bonds are rated Aa2 from Moody's Investors Service, AA by S&P Global Ratings and AA from FitchRatings. Some of the Authority's revenue bonds are enhanced by bond insurance. The credit ratings of these bond series will be the higher rating of either the Authority or the firm providing the enhancement. In the case of bonds enhanced by a letter of credit, the rating will be the highest of the Authority's, the provider or, if available, a joint rating. The subordinated debt of \$1.0 billion with the Massachusetts Clean Water Trust is not rated as the Authority's debt.

### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In June 2017, the Board approved the fiscal year 2018 Current Expense Budget (CEB), which totals \$743.6 million in expenses.

The \$743.6 million expense total is comprised of \$472.2 million (63.5%) in capital financing costs and \$271.4 million (36.5%) in operating expenses, of which \$232.5 million (85.7%) is for direct expenses and \$38.9 million (14.3%) is for indirect expenses. The total represents an increase of \$32.2 million from fiscal year 2017 spending, which is comprised of \$13.4 million in higher operating costs and \$18.8 million in higher debt service costs.

The fiscal year 2018 rate revenue requirement approved by the Board is \$717.1 million; an increase of 3.19% compared with the fiscal year 2017 budget.

Fiscal year 2018 budgeted nonrate revenue totals \$26.6 million, a decrease of \$5.1 million from actual fiscal year 2017 nonrate revenue. The nonrate revenue budget is comprised of \$10.2 million in investment income, \$15.7 million in other user charges and other revenue and \$.7 million in entrance fees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

#### CIP 10 Year Plan

The Authority's planned spending for capital improvements in future years reflects the Authority's ongoing efforts to upgrade and maintain the system and to align its project prioritization process with the Master Plan.

Major planned and ongoing projects include:

- Commitment to long-term redundancy plan for the metropolitan water tunnel system and an emergency pump station at the Wachusett reservoir.
- Improvement and replacement of equipment on Deer Island and at major headworks facilities to ensure continued efficient and effective operations.
- In December 2015 the Authority achieved substantial completion of the long-term CSO control plan, resulting in closing CSO outfalls and reducing CSO discharges to Boston Harbor and the Mystic, Charles and Neponset River systems.
- Completion of covered storage facilities to provide safe, reliable storage for water treated at John J. Carroll water treatment plant and transported through the MetroWest Tunnel and Hultman Aqueduct.
- Dedication to using resources efficiently, responding to climate change and reducing the environmental impacts
  of the Authority's daily operations by installing alternative energy sources and promotion of improved
  self-generation.
- Enhanced commitment to the community assistance programs for both the sewer and water systems to improve
  local infrastructure, including a new initiative to provide interest-free loans to assist communities in replacing
  lead service lines.
- Continued investment for the upgrade of Management Information Systems to ensure the availability, integrity and security of data.
- Continue the Residuals Asset Protection program for maintaining and improving the operations and infrastructure of the biosolids processing in the long term.

### **Contacting the Authority's Financial Management**

This report is designed to provide our bondholders, member communities and other interested parties with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the revenue it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority, Finance Division, 100 First Avenue, Boston, MA 02129.

# Statements of Net Position

# June 30, 2017 And 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

Assets	2017	2016
Unrestricted current assets:	\$ 50.266	¢ 67.711
Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	\$ 50,266 50,855	\$ 67,711 35,218
Investments (note 4) Intergovernmental loans (note 7)	30,579	35,218 30,564
Accounts receivable	759	687
Total unrestricted current assets	132,459	134,180
Restricted assets:	132,437	134,100
Investments (note 4)	666,344	651,031
Interest receivable	1,662	1,395
Total restricted assets	668,006	652,426
Capital assets:		032,120
Capital assets – not being depreciated (note 8)	157,296	145,626
Capital assets – being depreciated – net (note 8)	5,866,118	5,962,464
Total capital assets	6,023,414	6,108,090
Regulatory assets (note 3)	622,428	706,641
Other assets, net (note 7)	201,714	197,357
Total assets	7,648,021	7,798,694
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		
Deferred outflows from pension (note 10)	47,910	39,153
Deferred outflows from derivative instruments (note 6)	35,755	59,615
Deferred outflows from refunding debt	68,344	94,840
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	56,300	52,702
Commercial paper notes (note 6)	99,000	49,000
Current portion of long-term debt (note 6)	193,839	181,075
Total current liabilities	349,139	282,777
Payable from restricted assets:		
Accounts payable for construction	18,847	14,588
Accrued interest on bonds payable	78,497	76,182
Reserves (note 5)	57,253	57,421
Total payable from restricted assets	154,597	148,191
Retainage on construction in progress	7,098	7,479
Long-term debt – less current portion (note 6)	5,337,619	5,545,040
Long-term capital lease (note 9)	28,261	29,223
Net pension liability (note 10)	45,804	28,749
Other postemployment benefits (note 11)	110,375	106,927
Liability for derivative instruments (note 6)	35,755	59,615
Total liabilities	6,068,648	6,208,001
Deferred Inflows of Resources	44.040	
Deferred inflows from pension (note 10)	11,810	5,586
Deferred inflows from regulated activities (note 3)	53,275	74,606
Net Position	<b>72</b> 0 000	<50.50°
Net investment in capital assets	729,903	679,739
Restricted	299,824	306,949
Unrestricted	636,570 \$ 1,666,207	717,421
Total net position	\$ 1,666,297	\$ 1,704,109

Commitments and contingencies (notes 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13)

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes in Net Position Years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016		
Operating revenues (note 2):				
Customer services	\$ 705,933	\$ 683,501		
Other	10,843	13,472		
Total operating revenues	716,776	696,973		
Operating Expenses:				
Operations	106,844	98,972		
Maintenance	30,799	30,978		
Payments in lieu of taxes	8,191	8,129		
Engineering, general, and administrative	140,435	133,959		
Total operating expenses	286,269	272,038		
Income from operating before depreciation	430,507	424,935		
Depreciation and amortization	201,481	197,128		
Operating Income	229,026	227,807		
Regulatory accounting provisions:				
Change in reserves (note 5)	168	35		
Change in regulatory provisions, net (note 3)	(62,882)	(72,197)		
Total regulatory accounting provisions	(62,714)	(72,162)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Debt service grant	391	874		
Investment income	3,124	19,276		
Interest expense	(217,803)	(224,409)		
Changes in derivative related accounts	2,940	2,940		
Total nonoperating expenses	(211,348)	(201,319)		
Net loss before capital grants and contributions	(45,036)	(45,674)		
Capital grants and contributions	7,224	38,190		
Decrease in net position	(37,812)	(7,484)		
Total net position - beginning of year	1,704,109	1,711,593		
Total net position - end of year	\$ 1,666,297	\$ 1,704,109		

### Statements Of Cash Flows

# Years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

Cook flows from a service a service.		2017		2016
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers	\$	705,858	\$	683,183
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	Ψ	(116,749)	Ψ	(148,588)
Cash paid to employees for services		(129,500)		(143,495)
Cash paid in lieu of taxes		(8,191)		(8,129)
Other operating receipts		11,261		7,444
Net cash provided by operating activities		462,679		390,415
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds, loans, and notes		163,170		151,595
Capital grants for construction		7,224		5,155
Debt service grant		391		874
Capital lease principal payments		(963)		(891)
Capital lease interest payments		(2,254)		(2,326)
Repayment of debt		(289,264)		(278,467)
Interest paid on debt Plant expenditures		(202,636)		(213,614)
•		(127,695)		(91,810)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(452,027)		(429,484)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of short-term investments		(135,579)		(131,143)
Sales and maturities of short-term investments		57,766		218,729
Changes in restricted money market investments		40,165		(32,912)
Interest received		9,551		10,655
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(28,097)		65,329
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(17,445)		26,260
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		67,711		41,451
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	50,266	\$	67,711
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	229,026	\$	227,807
Depreciation and amortization		201,481		197,128
Change in other accounts		5,259		(34,310)
Change in accounts payable		26,913		(210)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	462,679	\$	390,415
2.00 cash provided of operating activities	Ψ	102,017	Ψ	570,115

# NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

In fiscal 2017, general revenue refunding bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$359,005 were issued to defease \$408,680 of bonds outstanding.

In fiscal 2016, general revenue refunding bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$681,615 were issued to defease \$761,430 of bonds outstanding.

Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Dollars in thousands)

# (1) Organization

The Massachusetts Water Resources Authority (the Authority) was established in January 1985 pursuant to Chapter 372 (the Enabling Act) of the Act of 1984 of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the Commonwealth). The Authority, a successor agency to certain functions of the Metropolitan District Commission (the MDC) (which became part of the Department of Conservation and Recreation (the DCR) in July 2003), is a public instrumentality and, effective July 1, 1985, provides water supply services and sewage collection, treatment, and disposal services to areas of the Commonwealth.

The Authority is governed by an 11-member board of directors (the Board) chaired by the Secretary of Energy and Environmental Affairs for the Commonwealth. The Secretary and two other members are appointed by the Governor. Three members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor of Boston and three are appointed by the Authority's Advisory Board. One member is appointed by the Mayor of Quincy and one by the Winthrop Council President.

### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government enterprises. The following is a summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies:

### (a) Basis of Presentation

The Authority is required by the Enabling Act to establish user rates for its water and sewer services which provide sufficient funds to recover the costs of operations (excluding depreciation), debt service, maintenance, replacements, improvements to its facilities, and appropriate reserves. The Authority's financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and the economic measurement focus as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) requirements for an enterprise fund.

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing water and sewer services to its member communities. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. All operating revenues are pledged for repayment of outstanding debt service.

In addition, the Authority applies the provisions of GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, to provide a better matching of revenues and expenses. The effect of this policy has been to defer certain outflows of resources, which will be recovered through future revenues in accordance with the Authority's rate model, and to record deferred inflows of resources for revenue collected through current rates for costs expected to be incurred in the future. The effects of the Authority's accounting policies are discussed further in Note 3.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

The Authority has implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement requires that certain assets, primarily investments, and liabilities be recorded at fair value.

# (b) Capital Assets

On July 1, 1985, ownership of the MDC's sewer and waterworks personal property was transferred to the Authority. Pursuant to the Enabling Act, ownership of the real property of the MDC sewer and waterworks systems was not transferred from the Commonwealth to the Authority; however, the Authority has the right to use, improve, maintain, and manage that property. In addition, ownership of the real and personal property of the watershed system remains with the Commonwealth; however, the Authority has the right to utilize the water therefrom for water supply purposes.

The personal property, together with the rights to the real property and watershed system, was recorded at its estimated fair value of \$2,331,465 (including certain construction projects which were in progress as of July 1, 1985), based upon an appraisal performed by valuation specialists. Property, plant, and equipment acquired or constructed since July 1, 1985, is stated at historical cost, and includes the expenditure of capital grants in aid of construction.

Betterments and major renewals are capitalized and included in capital asset accounts, while expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense when incurred. The cost of depreciable assets and related accumulated depreciation is eliminated from the accounts when such items are disposed of or otherwise retired.

### (c) Interest Cost and Principal Payments on Construction

During fiscal years 2017 and 2016, none of the Authority's interest expense was capitalized to construction in progress in accordance with its current policy of recovering such costs through rates as incurred. Rates collected for principal payments on debt related to assets under construction are deferred until the related asset is completed and depreciation commences.

# (d) Depreciation

The Authority provides for depreciation by use of the straight-line method. Depreciation is intended to distribute the cost of depreciable properties, including those financed by capital grants in aid of construction, over the following estimated average useful lives:

	Years
Plant and Equipment, Water and Sewerage Systems	5–100
Motor Vehicles and Equipment	5
Furniture and Fixtures	7
Leasehold Improvements	3–5

### (e) Revenue Recognition

The Authority recognizes revenue as amounts become collectible from its customers for water and sewer services provided. The majority of the Authority's billings to cities and towns are subject to, in the event of nonpayment, the local aid intercept allowed by the Enabling Act.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

### (f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority's policy is to treat unrestricted investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased as cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows. Restricted cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments on the statements of net position, and shown separately on the statements of cash flows as an investing activity.

### (g) Payments in Lieu of Taxes

The Enabling Act authorizes and directs the Authority to pay to the DCR (formerly the MDC) Division of Watershed Management, who in turn remits payment to each city or town in which land of the Quabbin watershed and Ware River watershed is located. Each such payment is equal to the amount which the respective city or town would receive in property taxes, based upon the fair value of such land if such land were not tax exempt.

#### (h) Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value, other than certain investments that are recorded at amortized cost or net asset value (NAV). The Authority uses an independent pricing source to determine the fair value of investments at quoted market prices. Changes in fair value are included in nonoperating investment income in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The investments recorded at amortized cost are those outlined by GASB standards and include a guaranteed investment contract. Investments that are measured at NAV are the investments in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT) which is a 2a7-like external investment pool that is overseen by the Massachusetts State Treasurer and whose fair value of each share is equal to the number of shares; thus NAV is equal to \$1.00 per share.

#### (i) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### (j) Compensated Absences

Employees of the Authority may accumulate unused sick time of which 30% will be paid in cash upon retirement from the Authority. The liability for vacation leave is based on the amount earned but not used; for sick leave, it is based on a percentage of the amount accumulated at the statement of net position dates. The liability for both amounts is calculated based on the pay or salary rates in effect at the statements of net position dates.

#### (k) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Authority. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

### (l) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications were made to the fiscal year 2016 financial statements to conform to the fiscal year 2017 presentation.

# (3) Regulatory Assets And Deferred Inflows From Regulatory Activities

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, regulatory assets and deferred inflows from regulatory activities result primarily from differences between depreciation on property, plant, and equipment not financed by grants or capital contributions, which is recovered through rates as principal payments on debt service, and from amounts determined by the Board to be utilized in a subsequent year to reduce customer billings (rate stabilization).

A summary of the activity of regulatory assets and deferred inflows for fiscal years 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	Sewer		 Water	Total	
Balance - June 30, 2015 - net Difference Between Depreciation of Capital Assets Not Financed by Grants or Capital	\$	578,594	\$ 125,638	\$	704,232
Contributions, and Debt Service in Excess of Interest Expense Other, Net		(33,355) (6,639)	 (27,286) (4,917)		(60,641) (11,556)
Balance - June 30, 2016 - net Difference Between Depreciation of Capital Assets Not Financed by Grants or Capital Contributions, and Debt Service in Excess		538,600	93,435		632,035
of Interest Expense Other, Net		(59,876) 10,897	 (24,337) 10,434		(84,213) 21,331
Balance - June 30, 2017 - net	\$	489,621	\$ 79,532	\$	569,153

The net balance at June 30, 2017 and 2016 is presented on the statements of net position as follows:

			Cui	rrent year
	 2017	 2016		change
Regulatory Assets	\$ 622,428	\$ 706,641	\$	(84,213)
Deferred Inflows from Regulatory Activities	 (53,275)	(74,606)		21,331
Net Change	\$ 569,153	\$ 632,035	\$	(62,882)

The balance in the rate stabilization reserve was \$36,512 and \$36,512 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

# (4) Deposits And Investments

The following represents essential risk information about the Authority's deposits and investments:

### (a) Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits and certificates of deposit is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be recovered. The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized.

The bank deposits at June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$40,785 and \$43,605, respectively. Of these amounts, \$40,535 and \$43,105 were exposed to custodial credit risks as uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### (b) Investments

The Authority is authorized by its general bond resolution to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, bonds, or notes of public agencies or municipalities, bank time deposits, guaranteed interest contracts, Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust accounts, interest rate swap agreements, and repurchase agreements. All investments are held by a third-party in the Authority's name. These investments are recorded at fair value.

The following guaranteed investment contract was in force as of June 30, 2016. Such contracts are fully collateralized and recorded at cost:

Investment agreement provider	Rate	Maturity	2017	2016
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	5.17%	August 1, 2016	\$ -	\$ 14,456

Proceeds from the maturity of the guaranteed investment contract were received in August, 2016.

# (c) Credit Ratings

All debt securities purchased, such as FNMA, FHLMC, and FHLB issues have historically had a credit rating of AAA or they have been collateralized to AAA. On August 8, 2011, Standard & Poor's reduced the credit rating for these agencies to AA+. The reduction in credit rating did not affect the Authority's bond covenants or escrow requirements.

The guaranteed investment contracts and Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust funds are not rated.

The general bond resolution limits the Authority to investing in securities that are rated in the three highest rating categories as defined by S&P and Moody's or other rating agencies.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

# (d) Concentration Risk

The Authority has no investments, at fair value, which exceeds 5% of the Authority's total investments as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

#### (e) Interest Rate Risk

The following is a listing of the Authority's fixed income investments and related maturity schedule as of June 30, 2017 and 2016:

June 30, 2017
Investment maturities (in years)

	mivestment maturities (in years)								
Investment Type	Fair Value	<1	1–3	4–8	>9				
Mass Municipal Depository Trust U.S. Agency Obligations	\$461,921 255,278	\$ 461,921 -	\$ - 18,570	\$ - 158,026	\$ - 78,682				
Total	\$717,199	\$ 461,921	\$ 18,570	\$158,026	\$ 78,682				

June 30, 2016

Investment maturities (in years)									
Investment Type	Fair Value	Fair Value <1		4–8	>9				
Mass. Municipal Depository Trust U.S. Agency Obligations	\$ 502,203 169,590	\$ 502,203	\$ - 19,325	\$ - 32,607	\$ - 117,658				
Guaranteed investment contract Total	14,456 \$ 686,249	14,456 \$ 516,659	\$ 19,325	\$ 32,607	\$ 117,658				

The majority of the Authority's investments are held in short-term money market funds and long-term investments in U.S. agency obligations that are held in the debt service reserve funds where the intent is to hold until maturity.

### (f) Investment Values

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Debt securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The Authority has no securities classified in Level 3. The investment in MMDT, an external investment pool, is measured at \$1.00 per share – the net asset value determined by the pool.

The Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017 and 2016: US Government agency obligations \$255,278 and \$169,590 (Level 2), respectively, and MMDT \$461,921 and \$502,203 (NAV), respectively. There are no withdrawal restrictions or unfunded commitments related to the MMDT investment. The guaranteed investment contract, \$14,456, is measured at amortized cost.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

# (g) Restricted Investments by Fund

The following summarizes restricted investments as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 by various funds and accounts established by the Authority for debt covenants and other purposes:

	 2017	2016		
Restricted Investments:	 _		_	
Construction	\$ 117,813	\$	119,743	
Debt Service Reserves	150,250		153,766	
Debt Service	273,811		266,342	
Revenue Redemption	25,911		26,407	
Revenue	69,884		54,246	
Renewal and Replacement Reserve	8,042		10,172	
Insurance	14,000		14,000	
Insurance Related Escrow Deposits	 6,633		6,355	
Total Restricted Investments	\$ 666,344	\$	651,031	

# (5) Bond Resolution Reserves

The components of the reserves required by the general and supplemental bond resolutions at June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

			To	otal
Reserves	Sewer	Water	2017	2016
Renewal and Replacement	\$ 2,544	\$ 1,457	\$ 4,001	\$ 4,001
Insurance	7,000	7,000	14,000	14,000
Operating	25,620	13,632	39,252	39,420
Total	\$ 35,164	\$ 22,089	\$ 57,253	\$ 57,421

A renewal and replacement reserve of \$6,000 was established through grant receipts transferred from the Commonwealth in 1985 and is included in restricted net position at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Dollars in thousands)

# (6) Notes Payable And Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at June 30, 2017 and 2016 consisted of the following:

General Revenue Bonds:		2017	2016
due 2017 to 2022 2010 Series A, 4%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2020 2010 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 19, 2011, due 2018 to 2031 2012 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2018 to 2042 2014 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2018 to 2044 3016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2017 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2018 to 2042 3016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042 3025 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 3026 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 3027 Series B, 5%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2028 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2021 to 2026 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2028 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2029 2014 Series B, 4, 5% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2029 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series E, 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series E, 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series E, 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2022 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032	General Revenue Bonds:		
2010 Series A, 4%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2020 2011 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 19, 2011, due 2018 to 2031 2012 Series A, 3 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2018 to 2042 2014 Series D, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2020 to 2044 2016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042 2016 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042 2016 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042 2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2006 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 2007 Series B, 5%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4,4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2018 to 2022 2012 Series B, 4,4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2018 to 2029 2014 Series B, 4,6 to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series B, 4,6 to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series F, 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series F, 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2042 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032		241.240	274 100
2011 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 19, 2011, due 2018 to 2031 8,360 79,845 2012 Series A, 31/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2018 to 2042 74,590 98,085 2014 Series D, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2020 to 2044 61,545 68,275 2016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 65,970 65,970 2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042 68,240 -  Total 521,435 591,540  2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 - 263,845 2005 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 30,430 31,485 2007 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 30,430 31,485 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 647,950 647,950 due 2023 to 2038 647,950 due 2020 to 2026 2009 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 98,645 107,945 2011 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 98,645 107,945 2012 Series B, 4% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 31,160 321,160 321,160 2012 Series B, 4,4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 142,030 165,640 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 25,295 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2041 141,410 141,410 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2021 to 2040 104,260 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 25,4745 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 25,4745 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 25,4745 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 25,4745 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 25,4745 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 25,4745 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 25,4745 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 25,4745 - 2 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017,			
due 2018 to 2031 2012 Series A, 3 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2018 to 2042 2014 Series D, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2020 to 2044 2016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042 2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series B, 5%, issued May 14, 2005 2007 Series B, 5%, issued May 14, 2005 2007 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 2007 Series B, 5%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 31/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2022 2012 Series B, 41/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 2013 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2018 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2018 Series F, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2018 to 2032 2019 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2019 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2019 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,390	5,185
2012 Series A, 3 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2018 to 2042 2014 Series D, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2020 to 2044 2016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042 2018 to 2042 2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series B, 5%, is sued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 2007 Series B, 51/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 2009 Series B, 5%, is sued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 2010 Series B, 5%, is sued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series B, 5%, is sued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2012 Series B, 5%, is sued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2013 Series B, 5%, is sued March 27, 2013, due 2018 to 2026 2012 Series B, 5%, is sued March 27, 2013, due 2018 to 2029 2014 Series B, 5%, is sued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series B, 5%, is sued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series B, 5%, is sued November 19, 2014, due 2016 to 2020 2014 Series B, 5%, is sued November 19, 2014, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series F, 5%, is sued November 19, 2014, due 2017 to 2036 2016 Series B, 5%, is sued November 19, 2014, due 2017 to 2040 2018 Series F, 5%, is sued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, is sued May 12, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 2017 Series D, 3% to 5%, is sued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2024 to 2042 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, is sued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 254,745 254,745 264,755 264,755 264,765 265,775 2613 Series C, 4% to 5%, is sued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 254,745 261,745 261,745 262,745 263,745 263,745 263,745 264,745 264,745 264,745 264,745 264,745 264,745 264,745 265,745 266,740 266,740 267,745 267,745 267,745 267,745 267,750 267,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9.260	70.945
due 2018 to 2042 2014 Series D, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2020 to 2044 3016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042  Total  2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 2007 Series B, 5%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2028 to 2022 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2010 Series B, 41/4% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2026 to 2029 2012 Series B, 41/4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2026 to 2029 2014 Series B, 41/4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2026 to 2029 2014 Series B, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2036 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2040 2015 Series B, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2040 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2040 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2040 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745		8,300	19,843
2014 Series D, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2020 to 2044  2016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040  2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042  Total  2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005  2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005  2006 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026  2007 Series B, 51/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038  2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022  2010 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2023 to 2038  2010 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022  2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027  2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027  2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029  2013 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029  2013 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036  2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020  2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020  2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2016 to 2020  2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2016 to 2020  2015 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2041  2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2017 to 2040  2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  254,745		74.500	00 005
due 2020 to 2044 2016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042  Total  2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2006 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2007 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 2038 2009 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series F, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2017 to 2036 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745		74,390	90,003
2016 Series B, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042  Total  2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2006 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2006 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2007 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2029 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series C, 3 % to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032		61 545	69 275
due 2017 to 2040       65,970       65,970         2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017,       68,240       -         Total       521,435       591,540         2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005       -       263,845         2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005       -       75,245         2006 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2006,       30,430       31,485         2007 Series B, 5%, issued February 1, 2007,       30,430       31,485         2007 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009,       647,950       647,950         2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027       98,645       107,945         2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011,       321,160       321,160         2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012,       86,775       86,775         2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013,       442,030       165,640         2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       442,030       165,640         2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       442,030       165,640         2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       442,030       165,640         2014 Series E, 5%, issued May 12, 2016,       462,020       681,615       681,615         2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016,       46		01,545	06,273
2017 Series B, 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2042  Total  2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005  2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005  2005 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026  2007 Series B, 51/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038  2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2026  2010 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022  2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027  2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042  2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029  2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036  2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020  2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020  2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2040  2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040  2016 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  254,745  -  263,845  591,540  -  263,845  591,540  -  263,845  591,540  -  263,845  591,540  -  263,845  591,540  -  263,845  -  264,950  -  264,950  -  268,645  -  267,750  -  268,647  -  268,647  -  268,647  -  268,647  -  268,647  -  268,647  -  268,647  -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	65 070	65 070
Total   S21,435   S91,540   C		03,970	03,970
Total 521,435 591,540  2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 - 263,845 2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 - 75,245 2006 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 30,430 31,485 2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 647,950 647,950 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 145,225 157,480 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 98,645 107,945 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 321,160 321,160 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 142,030 165,640 2014 Series F, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 25,295 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2017 to 2041 141,410 141,410 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 104,260 - 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	•	68 240	
2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005 2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2006 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 30,430 31,485 2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 647,950 647,950 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 145,225 157,480 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2017 to 2041 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2021 to 2040 681,615 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	due 2018 to 2042	<del></del> -	
2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2006 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 30,430 31,485 2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 647,950 647,950 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 145,225 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 142,030 165,640 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 25,295 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 141,410 141,410 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745  - 75,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,2	Total	521,435	591,540
2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005 2006 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 30,430 31,485 2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 647,950 647,950 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 145,225 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 142,030 165,640 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 25,295 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 141,410 141,410 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745  - 75,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,245  - 76,2			
2006 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2022 to 2026 2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 647,950 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 145,225 157,480 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 25,295 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 141,410 141,410 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 104,260 - 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	2005 Series A, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005	-	263,845
due 2022 to 2026 2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745  - 266  - 276	2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005	-	75,245
2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007, due 2023 to 2038  647,950  647,950  2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022  145,225  157,480  2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027  2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042  2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029  86,775  86,775  2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036  2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020  15,605  25,295  2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041  2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040  2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042  2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  254,745  -	2006 Series B, 5%, issued March 16, 2006,		
due 2023 to 2038 2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 145,225 157,480 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 321,160 321,160 321,160 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 142,030 165,640 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 25,295 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 681,615 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	due 2022 to 2026	30,430	31,485
2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009, due 2018 to 2022 1145,225 157,480 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 142,030 165,640 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007,		
due 2018 to 2022 145,225 157,480 2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 98,645 107,945 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 321,160 321,160 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 142,030 165,640 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 25,295 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 141,410 141,410 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 104,260 - 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	due 2023 to 2038	647,950	647,950
2010 Series B, 5%, issued May 6, 2010, due 2018 to 2027 2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	2009 Series B, 5%, issued February 19, 2009,		
2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011, due 2018 to 2042 321,160 321,160 2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029 86,775 2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036 142,030 165,640 2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020 15,605 25,295 2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041 141,410 141,410 2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 104,260 - 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	due 2018 to 2022	145,225	157,480
due 2018 to 2042       321,160       321,160         2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012,       86,775       86,775         due 2026 to 2029       86,775       86,775         2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013,       142,030       165,640         2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       15,605       25,295         2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       141,410       141,410         2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016,       681,615       681,615         2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016,       681,615       681,615         2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017,       254,745       -         due 2018 to 2032       254,745       -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	98,645	107,945
2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012, due 2026 to 2029  2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036  2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020  2015 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2011 to 2041  2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040  2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042  2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  2018 to 2032  2019 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  2019 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  2019 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032	2011 Series C, 3 1/8% to 5 1/4%, issued December 8, 2011,		
due 2026 to 2029       86,775       86,775         2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013,       142,030       165,640         2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       15,605       25,295         2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       141,410       141,410         2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016,       681,615       681,615         2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016,       104,260       -         2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017,       254,745       -		321,160	321,160
2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013, due 2017 to 2036  2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020  2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041  2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040  2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042  2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  2018 to 2032  104,260  142,030  15,605  25,295  25,295  261,410  161,	2012 Series B, 4 1/4% to 5%, issued April 19, 2012,		
due 2017 to 2036       142,030       165,640         2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       15,605       25,295         2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       141,410       141,410         2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016,       681,615       681,615         2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016,       104,260       -         2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017,       254,745       -	due 2026 to 2029	86,775	86,775
2014 Series E, 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2018 to 2020  25,295  2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041  2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040  681,615  2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042  2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  254,745  -	2013 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 27, 2013,		
due 2018 to 2020       15,605       25,295         2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014,       141,410       141,410         due 2021 to 2041       141,410       141,410         2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016,       681,615       681,615         2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016,       104,260       -         due 2024 to 2042       104,260       -         2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017,       254,745       -         due 2018 to 2032       254,745       -		142,030	165,640
2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014, due 2021 to 2041  2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040  2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042  2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032  2018 to 2032  101, 2014  141,410  14			
due 2021 to 2041       141,410       141,410         2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016,       681,615       681,615         due 2017 to 2040       681,615       681,615         2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016,       104,260       -         due 2024 to 2042       104,260       -         2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017,       254,745       -         due 2018 to 2032       254,745       -	due 2018 to 2020	15,605	25,295
2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016, due 2017 to 2040 681,615 681,615 2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 104,260 - 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	2014 Series F, 4% to 5%, issued November 19, 2014,		
due 2017 to 2040       681,615       681,615         2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016,       104,260       -         due 2024 to 2042       104,260       -         2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017,       254,745       -         due 2018 to 2032       254,745       -	due 2021 to 2041	141,410	141,410
2016 Series D, 3% to 5%, issued August 24, 2016, due 2024 to 2042 104,260 - 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	2016 Series C, 3% to 5%, issued May 12, 2016,		
due 2024 to 2042 104,260 - 2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032 254,745 -	due 2017 to 2040	681,615	681,615
2017 Series C, 4% to 5%, issued May 18, 2017, due 2018 to 2032			
due 2018 to 2032		104,260	-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total 2,669,850 2,705,845	due 2018 to 2032	254,745	
	Total	2,669,850	2,705,845

# Notes To Financial Statements

# June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
General Revenue Bonds with the Massachusetts		
Clean Water Trust:		
1998 Series C, 4 3/4%, issued		
July 9, 1998, due 2017 to 2018	835	1,375
1999 Series E Sewer, 43/4%, issued		
October 6, 1999, due 2017 to 2029	5,954	6,309
1999 Series E Water, 4 3/4%, issued		
October 6, 1999, due 2017 to 2019	2,335	3,060
1999 Series F, 5 3/4% to 6%, issued		
November 3, 1999, due 2017 to 2029	198,475	215,625
2000 Series E Sewer, 5 1/4% to 5 5/8%, issued		
November 1, 2000, due 2017 to 2030	45,921	48,240
2000 Series E Water, 5 1/4% to 5 5/8%, issued		
November 1, 2000, due 2017 to 2020	3,240	3,985
2001 Series C Water, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued		
July 26, 2001, due 2018 to 2021	1,400	1,720
2001 Series D Sewer, 5 3/8% to 5 3/4%, issued		
July 26, 2001, due 2017 to 2029	2,031	2,512
2001 Series D Water, 5 1/2% to 5 3/4%, issued		
July 26, 2001, due 2017 to 2019	331	433
2002 Series H Sewer, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued		
October 31, 2002, due 2017 to 2032	59,960	62,715
2002 Series H Water, 5% to 5 1/4%, is sued		
October 31, 2002, due 2017 to 2022	12,290	14,100
2002 Series I Sewer, 5 1/4% to 5 5/8%, issued		
October 31, 2002, due 2017 to 2030	1,629	1,720
2002 Series I Water, 5 1/4% to 5 5/8%, issued		
October 31, 2002, due 2017 to 2020	8	10
2003 Series A Water, 5%, issued		
October 31, 2002, due 2017 to 2022	561	646
2003 Series B Water, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued		
July 24, 2003, due 2018 to 2021	1,265	1,555
2003 Series C Sewer, 4 1/4% to 5 1/4%, issued		
November 6, 2003, due 2017 to 2033	21,968	22,896
2003 Series C Water, 4 3/4% to 5 1/4%, issued		
November 6, 2003, due 2017 to 2023	9,045	10,165
2004 Series C Sewer, 4 1/4% to 5 1/4%, issued		
October 26, 2004, due 2017 to 2033	7,453	7,770
2004 Series C Water, 5%, issued		
October 26, 2004, due 2017 to 2022	535	647
2004 Series D Sewer, 4 1/2% to 5 1/4%, issued		
November 29, 2004, due 2017 to 2034	40,165	41,670
2004 Series D Water, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued		
November 29, 2004, due 2017 to 2024	6,625	7,290
2005 Series C Sewer, 4 1/4% to 5 1/4%, issued		
November 3, 2005, due 2017 to 2033	4,702	4,978
2005 Series C Water, 4 1/4% to 5 1/4%, issued		
November 3, 2005, due 2017 to 2023	473	532

# Notes To Financial Statements

# June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2	2016		
General Revenue Bonds with the Massachusetts				
Clean Water Trust (Continued):				
2005 Series D Sewer, 2 3/10%, issued				
November 16, 2005, due 2017 to 2035	\$	45,454	\$	47,338
2005 Series D Water, 0% to 2%, issued				
November 16, 2005, due 2017 to 2025		6,920		7,668
2005 Series E Sewer, 2%, issued				
November 16, 2005, due 2017 to 2025		203		223
2005 Series E Water, 2%, issued				
November 16, 2005, due 2017 to 2025		45		50
2006 Series C Sewer, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued				
October 26, 2006, due 2017 to 2034		5,920		6,237
2006 Series D Sewer, 2 3/10%, is sued				
December 14, 2006, due 2017 to 2036		43,469		46,055
2006 Series D Water, 0% to 2%, is sued				
December 14, 2006, due 2017 to 2026		15,360		16,850
2006 Series E Sewer, 2%, is sued				
December 14, 2006, due 2017 to 2026		206		224
2006 Series E Water, 2%, issued				
December 14, 2006, due 2017 to 2026		93		101
2007 Series C Sewer, 2% to 2 3/10%, issued				
November 9, 2007, due 2017 to 2035		2,560		2,804
2007 Series C Water, 2%, is sued				
November 9, 2007, due 2017 to 2025		1,381		1,532
2007 Series D Sewer, 2 3/10%, issued				
November 9, 2007, due 2017 to 2036		17,845		18,540
2007 Series E Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, is sued				
December 18, 2007, due 2017 to 2037		43,695		45,780
2007 Series E Water, 2%, issued				
December 18, 2007, due 2017 to 2027		11,982		12,946
2008 Series G Sewer, 2%, issued				
December 9, 2008, due 2017 to 2026		3,421		3,744
2008 Series GW ater, 2%, issued				
December 9, 2008, due 2017 to 2026		723		788
2009 Series C Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued				
March 18, 2009, due 2017 to 2038		60,714		64,834
2009 Series C Water, 2%, issued				
March 18, 2009, due 2017 to 2028		19,645		21,079
2009 Series D Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued				
December 15, 2009, due 2017 to 2037		8,081		8,525
2009 Series D Water, 2%, issued				
December 15, 2009, due 2017 to 2027		826		893
2010 Series D Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued				
July 8, 2010, due 2017 to 2040		21,408		22,276
2010 Series D Water, 2%, issued				
July 8, 2010, due 2017 to 2030		17,103		18,151
2011 Series A Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued				
March 15, 2011, due 2017 to 2038		4,407		4,678

# Notes To Financial Statements

# June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017			2016		
General Revenue Bonds with the Massachusetts						
Clean Water Trust (Continued):						
2011 Series A Water, 2%, issued						
March 15, 2011, due 2017 to 2028	\$	3,791	\$	4,073		
2012 Series C Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued						
June 6, 2012, due 2017 to 2040		6,218		6,601		
2012 Series C Water, 2%, issued						
June 6, 2012, due 2017 to 2030		3,055		3,240		
2012 Series D Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued						
June 13, 2012, due 2017 to 2042		36,514		38,462		
2012 Series D Water, 2%, issued						
June 13, 2012, due 2017 to 2032		7,153		7,524		
2013 Series B Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued						
May 22, 2013, due 2018 to 2043		25,863		27,435		
2013 Series B Water, 2%, issued						
May 22, 2013, due 2018 to 2033		7,171		7,543		
2014 Series C Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued						
May 30, 2014, due 2017 to 2042		4,395		4,571		
2014 Series C Water, 2%, issued						
May 30, 2014, due 2017 to 2032		4,959		5,232		
2015 Series A Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued						
January 7, 2015, due 2018 to 2045		44,949		46,459		
2015 Series A Water, 2%, issued						
January 7, 2015, due 2018 to 2035		14,515		15,168		
2015 Series B Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued						
May 14, 2015, due 2017 to 2043		3,011		3,202		
2015 Series B Water, 2%, issued						
May 14, 2015, due 2017 to 2033		1,945		2,053		
2016 Series A Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued						
March 11, 2016, due 2018 to 2046		38,126		39,281		
2016 Series A Water, 2%, issued						
March 11, 2016, due 2018 to 2036		13,130		13,684		
2017 Series A Sewer, 2%, issued						
April 13, 2017, due 2018 to 2036		8,743		-		
2017 Series A Water, 2%, issued						
April 13, 2017, due 2018 to 2036		24,251				
Total		1,006,451		1,035,797		
General Revenue Bonds (Variable Rates):						
1999 Series B, 0.40% to 0.90%, issued		<b>5</b> 0.000		<b>5</b> 0.600		
January 29, 1999, due 2017 to 2028		58,600		58,600		

# Notes To Financial Statements

# June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017			2016		
General Revenue Refunding Bonds (Variable Rates):		_		_		
2002 Series C, 0.29% to 0.89%, issued						
August 15, 2002, due 2020	\$	35,120	\$	35,120		
2008 Series A, 0.40% to 0.93%, issued May 29, 2008,						
due 2017 to 2037		212,890		234,845		
2008 Series C, 0.40% to 0.94%, issued May 29, 2008,						
due 2017 to 2026		101,300		105,620		
2008 Series E, 0.43% to 0.94%, issued May 29, 2008,						
due 2020 to 2037		133,640		133,640		
2008 Series F, 0.37% to 0.91%, issued May 29, 2008		-		50,000		
2012 Series E, 0.84% to 1.37%, issued November 15, 2012,						
due 2017 to 2031		61,415		62,830		
2012 Series F, 0.79% to 1.32%, issued November 15, 2012,						
due 2017 to 2031		52,075		60,300		
2012 Series G, 1.09% to 1.62%, issued November 15, 2012,						
due 2017 to 2023		46,900		49,780		
2014 Series A, 0.66% to 1.08%, issued May 20, 2014,						
due 2022 to 2025		50,000		50,000		
2014 Series B, 0.80% to 1.22%, issued May 20, 2014,						
due 2018 to 2022		64,755		64,755		
Total		758,095		846,890		
Revolving Loan:						
2015 Series C, issued November 1, 2015, due 2018		79,000		79,000		
Total		5,093,431		5,317,672		
Less:						
Unamortized Bond Premiums and Discounts		398,193		365,669		
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		(193,839)		(181,075)		
Total		204,354		184,594		
Total		204,334		104,334		
Long-Term Debt, Net	\$	5,297,785	\$	5,502,266		

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2017 and 2016 consisted of the following

	2017			2017	Due
	Beginning			Ending	Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
General Revenue Bonds	\$ 650,140	\$ 68,240	\$ 138,345	\$ 580,035	\$ 55,360
General Revenue Refunding Bonds	3,552,735	359,005	483,795	3,427,945	74,340
General Revenue Bonds with the					
Massachusetts Clean Water Trust	1,035,797	32,994	62,340	1,006,451	64,139
Borrowings Associated with					
Derivative Instruments	42,774	-	2,940	39,834	-
Revolving Loan	79,000			79,000	
Total	\$ 5,360,446	\$ 460,239	\$ 687,420	\$ 5,133,265	\$ 193,839

	2016 Beginning			2016 Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
General Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,098,475	\$ 65,970	\$ 514,305	\$ 650,140	\$ 35,830
General Revenue Refunding Bonds	3,299,515	681,615	428,395	3,552,735	82,905
General Revenue Bonds with the					
Massachusetts Clean Water Trust	1,076,000	52,965	93,168	1,035,797	62,340
Borrowings Associated with					
Derivative Instruments	45,714	-	2,940	42,774	-
Revolving Loan		100,000	21,000	79,000	
Total	\$ 5,519,704	\$ 900,550	\$ 1,059,808	\$ 5,360,446	\$ 181,075

The Authority is required to establish water and sewer rates and charges at a level sufficient to provide, among other things, primary and subordinated debt service coverage ratios of 120% and 110%, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Authority had primary and subordinated debt service coverage ratios of 186% and 122%, respectively.

Under the Authority's General Revenue Bond Resolution, all revenues, together with the investment earnings thereon, except to the extent that such earnings are required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, are pledged for payment of the Bonds.

The Act of 1984 imposes a limitation of \$600,000 on the total amount of bonds and notes which may be outstanding at any one time. The Authority has requested increases in its debt limit as necessary to allow for issuances of bonds in amounts required to finance the capital program. The state legislature increased the debt limit to \$6,450,000.

On May 18, 2017, the Authority issued General Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series B for \$68,240 and General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2017 Series C for \$254,745.

Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Dollars in thousands)

The proceeds from the Series B bonds were used to finance new construction projects. The interest rate on these bonds is 5%.

The proceeds from the Series C bonds were used to refund \$202,155 of General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2005 Series A, \$75,245 of General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2005 Series B, \$21,955 of General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2008 Series A and \$6,810 of General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2012 Series F.

The interest rate on these bonds is 4% to 5%. The cash flow required to make principal and interest payments on the refunding bonds is approximately \$81,983 less than the debt service requirements of the refunded bonds. The economic gain (the difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) obtained from this refunding is \$60,441.

On August 24, 2016, the Authority issued General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2016 Series D for \$104,260.

The proceeds from these bonds were used to refund \$1,000 of General Revenue Bonds 2002 Series J, \$3,795 of General Revenue Bonds 2010 Series A, \$68,625 of General Revenue Bonds 2011 Series B, \$23,495 of General Revenue Bonds 2012 Series A and \$5,600 of General Revenue Bonds 2014 Series D.

The interest rate on these bonds is 3% to 5%. The cash flow required to make principal and interest payments on the refunding bonds is approximately \$13,240 less than the debt service requirements of the refunded bonds. The economic gain (the difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) obtained from this refunding is \$9,796.

On May 12, 2016, the Authority issued General Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series B for \$65,970 and General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2016 Series C for \$681,615.

The proceeds from the Series B bonds were used to finance new construction projects and retire a portion of the revolving loan. The interest rate on these bonds is 3% to 5%.

The proceeds from the Series C bonds were used to refund \$5,045 of General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2005 Series B, \$62,320 of General Revenue Bonds 2006 Series A, \$138,440 of General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2006 Series B, \$188,150 of General Revenue Bonds 2007 Series A, \$64,240 of General Revenue Bonds 2009 Series A, \$99,260 of General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2009 Series B, \$79,965 of General Revenue Bonds 2010 Series A, \$44,995 of General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2010 Series B, \$50,920 of General Revenue Bonds 2011 Series B and \$28,095 of General Revenue Bonds 2012 Series A.

The interest rate on the Series C bonds is 3% to 5%. The cash flow required to make principal and interest payments on the refunding bonds is approximately \$188,275 less than the debt service requirements of the refunded bonds. The economic gain (the difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) obtained from this refunding is \$111,311.

Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Dollars in thousands)

On November 1, 2015, the Authority entered into a revolving credit agreement with a bank. The Authority shall repay the loan at the Commitment Termination Date, November 17, 2018, at which point the Authority can elect to convert the revolving loan into a term loan. Interest is payable at the 1 month LIBOR rate, 1.22% and 0.8% at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Initial drawdown was \$100,000, which was reduced to \$79,000 at June 30, 2016.

### Synthetic Fixed Rate Swap Transactions

In connection with several of its bond issues, the Authority has entered into various interest rate swap agreements to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates on its variable rate debt. Under these agreements, the Authority pays a fixed interest rate (ranging from 4.0% to 6.6%) and receives interest from the swap counterparties at a variable rate (either Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) rate or a percentage of LIBOR). The SIFMA rate is based on the seven-day high-grade market index of tax-exempt variable rate demand obligations.

					Fixed			
		Effective	Current Notional	Termination	Payable Swap	Variable Receivable	 Fair ' at Ju	
Item	Objective	Date	 Amount	Date	Rate	Swap Rate	2017	2016
A	Hedge changes in cash flows on the 2008 Series A Bonds	April 4, 2011	\$ 133,300	August 1, 2030	5.144%	67% LIBOR Plus 0.13%	\$ (9,942)	\$ (17,241)
В	Hedge changes in cash flows on the 2008 Series E Bonds	October 28, 2008	133,300	August 1, 2030	5.494	SIFMA	(17,139)	(26,630)
С	Hedge changes in cash flows on the 2008 Series A and 2008 Series E Bonds	August 1, 2030	70,400	August 1, 2037	6.585	67% LIBOR Plus 0.13%	(2,221)	(3,021)
D	Hedge changes in cash flows on the 2008 Series C Bonds	May 29, 2008	88,615	November 1, 2026	3.994	SIFMA	(6,152)	(10,660)
Е	Hedge changes in cash flows on the 2008 Series C and 2012 Series G Bonds	May 29, 2008	59,080	November 1, 2026	4.033	SIFMA	 (301)	(2,063)
	Total						\$ (35,755)	\$ (59,615)

All of the above are pay-fixed interest rate swap agreements. Under these interest rate swap agreements, the Authority incurred net interest expense of \$17,221 and \$19,788 in fiscal year 2017 and fiscal year 2016, respectively.

For the swap effective on April 4, 2011, with a current notional amount of \$133,300, the fixed rate paid by the Authority is as follows: 4.120% from execution until August 2013, 5.144% from August 2013 until August 2019, and 6.585% from August 2019 until August 2030.

For the swap execution on October 28, 2008, with a current notional amount of \$133,300, the fixed rate paid by the Authority is as follows: 4.470% from execution until August 2013, 5.494% from August 2013 until August 2019, and 6.935% from August 2019 until August 2030.

The aggregate fair value balance of the derivative instruments at June 30, 2017 and 2016 is \$(35,755) and \$(59,615), respectively, and is reflected on the Authority's statements of net position as a liability for derivative instruments. This liability is offset by deferred outflows from derivative instruments. The original notional amounts of the interest rate swaps totaled \$885,895.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

The fair values of the interest rate swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps. The interest rate swaps are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as outlined in Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, as valued using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates.

#### Risk Disclosure

Credit Risk - Because all of the Authority's swaps rely upon the performance of the third parties who serve as swap counterparties, the Authority is exposed to credit risk, or the risk that a swap counterparty fails to perform according to its contractual obligations. The appropriate measurement of this risk at the reporting date is the fair value of the swaps, as shown in the columns labeled Fair Value in the tables above. To mitigate credit risk, the Authority maintains strict credit standards for swap counterparties. The Authority monitors swap counterparties' credit ratings by the three rating agencies (FitchRatings, Moody's Investors Service, and S&P Global Ratings). Collateral may be obtained from any counterparty that does not maintain a set credit rating. Since all derivatives are in a liability position, there is no amount exposed to credit risk.

The following represents the credit ratings of the counterparties as of June 30, 2017:

Derivative instrument	Counterparty credit rating
Derivative A	A
Derivative B	AA
Derivative C	A
Derivative D	A
Derivative E	A

Basis Risk - The Authority is exposed to basis risk because the floating index the Authority receives on the swaps (SIFMA or 67% of LIBOR) may be different than the basis of the variable rate on the associated bonds. Should this occur, the expected savings may not be realized.

Termination Risk - The Authority or its counterparties may terminate a derivative instrument if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If, at the time of termination, a derivative is in a liability position, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the liability, subject to netting arrangements.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

Rollover Risk - The Authority can be exposed to rollover risk on hedging derivative instruments that are hedges of debt that terminate prior to the maturity of the debt. The Authority currently has no rollover risk. When Derivative instruments A and B terminate in 2030, those bond series will then be hedged by Derivative instrument C.

# Swap Payments and Associated Bonds Outstanding

Bonds outstanding include certain variable rate bonds where the Authority pays a fixed interest rate and receives interest at a variable rate from the counterparty. The table below presents the debt service requirements and related net swap payments for these bonds. As rates vary, variable rate interest payments will vary.

Using rates as of June 30, 2017, debt service requirements of the hedged variable rate bonds and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain constant, were as follows:

	Variable-rate				Int	erest Rate		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal Interest		Sv	waps, Net	Total			
2018	\$	25,000	\$	2,818	\$	15,790	\$	43,608
2019		26,000		2,649		14,169		42,818
2020		27,000		2,290		14,531		43,821
2021		70,400		1,845		13,786		86,031
2022		32,230		1,441		11,136		44,807
2023–2027		155,468		4,482		31,564		191,514
2028–2032		7,800		2,405		16,360		26,565
2033–2037		55,600		1,389		10,674		67,663
2038		14,800		8		346		15,154
Total	\$	414,298	\$	19,327	\$	128,356	\$	561,981

# **Demand Bonds**

Included in variable rate long-term debt of \$816,695 is \$541,550 of subordinated variable rate demand obligations (VRDOs). The bonds were issued on various dates from 1999 through 2008. Subordinated VRDOs are subject to purchase on the demand of the holder at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest. The ability of the Authority to purchase such bonds, if not remarketed, is secured through letters of credit and standby bond purchase agreements with various nationally recognized financial institutions that expire between November 2017 and December 2020. The VRDOs are classified as long-term debt because the liquidity agreement for each series contains term out provisions that, if demand is made to repurchase the bonds, calls for a three to five year amortization to repay the bonds.

In 2014, \$114,755 of 2014 Series A and B General Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued as direct-purchase bonds, to be held by the purchaser for a specific period of time and are not subject to purchase or remarketing at the demand of the holder and therefore do not require a letter of credit or standby bond purchase agreement. The \$50,000 of Series A and \$64,755 of Series B have been purchased through May 2020 and May 2019, respectively. These bonds, in addition to 2012 Series E, F & G General Revenue Refunding Bonds, totaling \$160,390, have three to five year term out provisions beginning at the expiration date.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

At June 30, 2017, the following bonds outstanding are considered defeased in-substance:

Description	Redemption date	Redemption price	Outstanding principal amount		
1992 Series A	2017–2019	100	\$ 115,945		
2002 Series J	2017	100	14,500		
2005 Series A	2017	100	304,775		
2005 Series B	2017	100	80,290		
2006 Series A	2018	100	19,385		
2006 Series B	2017–2018	100	111,410		
2009 Series A	2019	100	76,445		
2009 Series B	2017, 2019	100	122,025		
2010 Series A	2017–2020	100	96,350		
2010 Series B	2017, 2019, 2020	100	58,130		
2011 Series B	2017-2021	100	128,275		
2012 Series A	2017, 2018, 2020, 2022	100	58,625		
2013 Series A	2017-2022	100	4,995		
2014 Series D	2017–2019, 2024	100	9,355		
2014 Series E	2019	100	2,950		
2014 Series F	2018, 2020	100	1,145		

The proceeds and available funds were deposited in irrevocable trusts with escrow agents in an amount which will provide for payment of interest due to the redemption date and redemption of the defeased bonds outstanding on such date. The defeased portion of such debt, accrued interest thereon, and related unamortized issuance and discount costs were removed from the statements of net position in an insubstance defeasance transaction.

In June 2017, the Authority used funds on hand to defease \$36,250 of the General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2005 Series A bonds outstanding.

In September 2016, the Authority used funds on hand to defease \$8,475 of the General Revenue Refunding Bonds 2009 Series B bonds outstanding.

In June 2016, the Authority used funds on hand to defease \$1,910 of the 2012 Series A General Revenue bonds outstanding and \$2,450 of the 2009 Series B and \$720 of the 2011 Series C General Revenue Refunding bonds outstanding.

In September 2015, the Authority used funds on hand to defease \$420 of the 2011 Series B General Revenue bonds outstanding and \$8,705 of the 2005 Series A and \$115 of the 2014 Series F General Revenue Refunding bonds outstanding.

In August 2015, the Authority used funds on hand to defease \$7,850 of the 2002 Series J, \$9,850 of the 2007 Series A, \$850 of the 2011 Series B, \$4,530 of the 2012 Series A and \$1,315 of the 2014 Series D General Revenue bonds outstanding and \$8,050 of the 2005 Series A, \$2,650 of the 2006 Series B, \$8,925 of the 2009 Series B, \$3,400 of the 2010 Series B, \$5,280 of the 2011 Series C, \$4,185 of the 2013 Series A and \$2,950 of the 2014 Series E General Revenue Refunding bonds outstanding.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

At June 30, 2017, outstanding bonds that are redeemable before their scheduled due dates are as follows:

	Outstanding principal amount		
2006 Series B August 2018 100 \$	30,430		
2009 Series B August 2019 100	71,700		
2010 Series B August 2020 100	69,570		
2011 Series B August 2021 100	840		
2011 Series C August 2021 100	291,160		
2012 Series A August 2022 100	69,150		
2012 Series B August 2022 100	86,775		
2013 Series A August 2023 100	46,515		
2014 Series D August 2024 100	53,885		
2014 Series F August 2024 100	93,655		
2016 Series B August 2026 100	54,775		
2016 Series C August 2026 100	610,650		
2016 Series D August 2026 100	98,425		
2017 Series B August 2020 100	2,845		
2017 Series B August 2027 100	55,775		
2017 Series C August 2027 100	114,795		

The variable rate General Revenue Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority in whole or in part, on any interest payment date for bond Series 1999B and 2002C and on any business day for bond Series 2008A, 2008C through F, 2012G, 2014A and 2014B, respectively. Series 2012E and 2012F are subject to redemption prior to maturity on any interest payment date after November 15, 2014 and November 4, 2016, respectively.

During fiscal year 2017, the Authority executed loan agreements with the Massachusetts Clean Water Trust providing for 2017 Series A Sewer and Water loans in the principal amounts of \$8,743 and \$24,816, respectively. All proceeds for these loans were received by June 30, 2017, except for \$565 of the water loans.

During fiscal year 2016, the Authority executed loan agreements with the Massachusetts Clean Water Trust providing for 2016 Series A Sewer and Water loans in the principal amounts of \$39,281 and \$13,684, respectively. All proceeds for these loans were received by June 30, 2016.

Federal and Commonwealth subsidies for purposes of offsetting principal payments aggregating \$38,533 will be recognized as capital grants in aid of construction over the term of the loans.

Interest is payable semiannually on all debt, except on the commercial paper, on which interest is payable upon maturity and the General Revenue Bonds and General Revenue Refunding Bonds with variable interest rates on which interest is payable monthly. The Senior General Revenue Bonds and the General Revenue Refunding Bonds are collateralized equally and ratably by a lien and pledge on substantially all of the Authority's cash and revenues, except the operating fund. The subordinated debt series, including the commercial paper interest are collateralized equally and ratably by a subordinated pledge on substantially all of the Authority's revenues and cash and investments, except the operating,

Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Dollars in thousands)

senior debt service, and debt service reserve funds. Premiums, discounts, issuance costs, and the excess of reacquisition price over the carrying amount of the defeased debt are being amortized over the lives of the respective issues.

The amounts of long-term debt, principal, and interest payable in future fiscal years are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Pr	incipal	Interest		 Total	
2018	\$	193,839	\$	206,327	\$ 400,166	
2019		304,917		202,489	507,406	
2020		234,719		199,754	434,473	
2021		264,061		187,861	451,922	
2022		269,165		177,131	446,296	
2023–2027		1,398,272		696,464	2,094,736	
2028–2032		1,101,335		420,137	1,521,472	
2033–2037		728,190		218,095	946,285	
2038–2042		547,144		63,328	610,472	
2043–2047		51,789		2,338	 54,127	
Total	\$	5,093,431	\$	2,373,924	\$ 7,467,355	

In June 2017 The Authority issued commercial paper notes of \$50,000 to refund General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2008 Series F, in addition to \$49,000 issued in fiscal year 2016 to finance capital expenditures. These notes are secured by \$100,000 and \$150,000 irrevocable direct-pay letters of credit which expire on December 8, 2018, and April 19, 2019, respectively. These letters of credit carry a fee of 0.65% and 0.195% per annum, respectively, on the amount available. The maximum aggregate principal amount of commercial paper which may be outstanding at any one time is \$250,000.

Commercial paper at June 30, 2017 and 2016 consisted of the following:

0.90% Commercial Paper 0.94% Commercial Paper	Beginning balance	Additions \$ 50,000 49,000	2017 Ending balance \$ 50,000 49,000		
0.46% Commercial Paper Total	49,000 \$ 49,000 2016	\$ 99,000	\$ 49,000 \$ 49,000	\$ 99,000	
	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	
0.46% Commercial Paper 0.15% Commercial Paper 0.33% Commercial Paper 0.11% Commercial Paper Total	\$ - 34,000 47,000 49,000 \$ 130,000	\$ 49,000	\$ - 34,000 47,000 49,000 \$ 130,000	\$ 49,000	

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

# (7) Accounts Receivable/Intergovernmental Loans

The Authority has entered into various interest-free loan agreements with certain member communities. Under these agreements, the Authority loaned these communities \$35,550 and \$24,239 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, to be received in five or ten equal annual installments.

The long-term portion of these loans at June 30, 2017 and 2016 is \$123,725 and \$118,885, respectively, and is included in other assets. The loans due within one year total \$30,579 and \$30,564 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This program is designed to assist member communities with sewer and water systems rehabilitation.

# (8) Capital Assets

Capital assets at June 30, 2017 and 2016 consisted of the following:

				Disposals/			
	 2016	Additions		transfers			2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 29,868	\$	5	\$	-	\$	29,873
Construction in progress	 115,758		102,088		(90,423)		127,423
Total capital assets							
not being depreciated	145,626		102,093		(90,423)		157,296
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant and equipment – water							
and sewage system	9,576,517		91,840		-		9,668,357
Furniture and fixtures	17,508		35		-		17,543
Leasehold improvements	2,423		-		-		2,423
Motor vehicles and equipment	7,423		1,475				8,898
Total capital assets							
being depreciated	 9,603,871		93,350				9,697,221
Less: accumulated depreciation for:							
Plant and equipment – water and							
sewage system	3,620,166		188,975		-		3,809,141
Furniture and fixtures	17,234		96		-		17,330
Leasehold improvements	2,120		12		-		2,132
Motor vehicles and equipment	 1,887		613				2,500
Total accumulated depreciation	 3,641,407		189,696				3,831,103
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	 5,962,464		(96,346)				5,866,118
Total capital assets, net	\$ 6,108,090	\$	5,747	\$	(90,423)	\$	6,023,414

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

Capital assets at June 30, 2016 and 2015 consisted of the following:

	2015	A	dditions	oisposals/ ransfers	2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 23,750	\$	6,118	\$ -	\$ 29,868
Construction in progress	 205,582		18,110	 (107,934)	 115,758
Total capital assets	 				 
not being depreciated	 229,332		24,228	 (107,934)	 145,626
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Plant and equipment – water					
and sewage system	9,408,991		167,526	-	9,576,517
Furniture and fixtures	17,508		-	-	17,508
Leasehold improvements	2,423		-	-	2,423
Motor vehicles and equipment	 5,452		1,971		 7,423
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	 9,434,374		169,497	 	 9,603,871
Less: accumulated depreciation for:					
Plant and equipment – water and					
sewage system	3,434,366		185,800	-	3,620,166
Furniture and fixtures	17,005		229	-	17,234
Leasehold improvements	2,108		12	-	2,120
Motor vehicles and equipment	1,398		489		 1,887
Total accumulated depreciation	3,454,877		186,530		3,641,407
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	5,979,497		(17,033)	-	5,962,464
Total capital assets, net	\$ 6,208,829	\$	7,195	\$ (107,934)	\$ 6,108,090

Depreciation and amortization for fiscal years 2017 and 2016 was \$201,481 and \$197,128, respectively.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

#### (9) Leases

#### **Operating**

The Authority leases electrical power assets, office space in Boston, and other property under long-term operating leases. Future minimum rental payments required under operating leases having initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	A	Amount		
2018	\$	2,565		
2019		2,589		
2020		5,002		
2021		9,057		
2022		10,413		
2023–2027		37,923		
Total	\$	67,549		

Rental expense was \$4,220 and \$4,846 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### **Capital**

In fiscal year 2002, the Authority entered into a 30-year capital lease agreement for the new maintenance facility. The interest rate for the capital lease is 7.83%. Future minimum lease payments for the capital lease at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	 Total
2018	\$	1,041	\$	2,176	\$ 3,217
2019		1,126		2,091	3,217
2020		1,217		2,000	3,217
2021		1,316		1,901	3,217
2022		1,423		1,794	3,217
2023–2027		9,044		7,041	16,085
2028–2032		13,094		2,724	15,818
Total	\$	28,261	\$	19,727	\$ 47,988

Under this lease, the Authority is also responsible for "Additional Rent," as defined in the lease. The Additional Rent includes real estate taxes, assessments, and other government charges.

The associated capital asset is reported in plant and equipment – water and sewage system at a cost of \$37,134 with \$18,568 of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

#### (10) Retirement Benefits

#### (a) Plan Description

The Enabling Act provided for the establishment of the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority Employees' Retirement System (the Plan), a contributory single-employer retirement system that is separate from the State Employees Retirement System. The Plan is a defined benefit pension plan covering those employees not employed by the MDC prior to July 1, 1985. Complete financial statements for the Plan can be obtained from the Authority's administrative offices at Charlestown Navy Yard, 100 First Avenue, Boston, MA 02129.

#### (b) Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. For employees hired prior to April 2, 2012, the annual amount of the retirement allowance is based on the member's final three-year average salary multiplied by (1) the number of years and full months of creditable service at the time of retirement and (2) a percentage based on age at retirement in accordance with a schedule provided by state law. Assuming normal retirement at age 65, this percentage is 2.5%, which is reduced for individuals who retire prior to age 65 to reflect the longer pay out period.

For employees hired on or after April 2, 2012, the annual amount of the retirement allowance is based on the member's final five-year average salary multiplied by (1) the number of years and full months of creditable service at the time of retirement and (2) a percentage based on age at retirement in accordance with a schedule provided by state law. Assuming normal retirement at age 67, this percentage is 2.5%.

Employees hired prior to April 2, 2012, may elect early retirement after 20 years of service or at any time after attaining age 55 with 10 years of eligible service. Plan members who become permanently and totally disabled may be eligible to receive a disability retirement allowance. The amount of benefits to be received depends on several factors, including the member's age, compensation, veteran status, years of service and whether or not the disability is work-related. In addition, certain death benefits exist for beneficiaries of employees who die in active service.

All MDC personnel who became employees of the Authority on July 1, 1985, and were members of the State Employees Retirement System, retained their membership in that system. The Authority is not liable for retirement allowances paid to or on account of these employees. Funding of the pension liability of the State Employees Retirement System is the obligation of the Commonwealth. Employees covered by this plan become 100% vested after 10 years of service.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

#### (c) Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2016 (the date of the Plan's latest actuarial valuation), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retired Participants and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	536
Inactive Participants Entitled to a Return of their Employee Contributions	52
Inactive Participants with a Vested Right to a Deferred or Immediate Benefit	53
Active Participants	1,095
Total	1,736

#### (d) Contributions

Contributions made by employees are based upon a percentage of employee base pay (5% for employees hired before December 31, 1974, 7% for employees hired between January 1, 1975 and December 31, 1983, 8% for employees hired between December 31, 1983, and June 30, 1996, and 9% for employees hired after July 1, 1996). Additionally, certain employees earning in excess of \$30 contribute an extra 2% of their salary effective January 1, 1979. Employees receive full payment of contributions upon withdrawal from the Plan and 50% of interest earned for employees with five to nine years of service or 100% of interest earned for employees with 10 or more years of service.

The Authority's 2017 and 2016 contributions to the plan were based on an amount approved by the Retirement Board and the Authority's board of directors, which is based on an actuarially determined amount. The Authority's Enabling Act requires funding to be made in accordance with the Retirement Board's recommendation. In fiscal year 2017 the Authority made a \$3.1 million required contribution and an additional \$1.5 million optional contribution. In fiscal year 2016 the Authority made an \$8.2 million required contribution.

#### (e) Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The Plan's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2016 and 2015. The total pension liability as of December 31, 2016 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date whereas roll forward procedures were used to calculate the total pension liability as of December 31, 2015.

Notes To Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Dollars in thousands)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3%

Based on years of service, starting at 5.75% at 0 years of service Salary Increases

decreasing to 4% after 9 years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Cost of Living Adjustments 3% of first \$13,000

Mortality Rates:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected generationally from 2009 Pre-Retirement:

with Scale BB2D

RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected generationally Healthy Retiree:

from 2009 with Scale BB2D

RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table set forward two years Disabled Retiree:

projected generationally from 2009 with Scale BB2D

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

Rates of returns on investments: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected	l Rate of Return (%)
Asset Class	(%)	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Domestic Equity	21%	6.44	6.49
International Equity	19	7.40 - 9.42	7.16 - 9.46
Real Estate	7	5.0	4.37
Private Equity	9	10.47	11.04
Hedge Funds	23	3.75	3.6 - 4.13
Fixed Income	21	2.02 - 4.43	1.68 - 4.76
Total	100%		

#### (f) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Authority contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Dollars in thousands)

## (g) Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Increase (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 443,487	\$ 444,355	\$ (868)
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	10,638	-	10,638
Interest	34,598	-	34,598
Differences Between Expected and actual experience	_	_	_
Contributions - employer	-	8,159	(8,159)
Contributions - employee	-	8,402	(8,402)
Net investment income	-	(530)	530
Benefit payments	(15,390)	(15,390)	-
Administrative expenses	- -	(412)	412
Other changes	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net changes	29,846	229	29,617
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 473,333	\$ 444,584	\$ 28,749
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	11,080	-	11,080
Interest	36,917	-	36,917
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	(9,143)	-	(9,143)
Contributions - employer	-	4,633	(4,633)
Contributions - employee	-	8,757	(8,757)
Net investment income	-	24,183	(24,183)
Benefit payments	(16,129)	(16,129)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(426)	426
Other changes	15,348		15,348
Net changes	38,073	21,018	17,055
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 511,406	\$ 465,602	\$ 45,804

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

#### (h) Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset), calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

			Current	
		Decrease 6.50%)	Discount (7.50%)	Increase 8.50%)
Net pension liability (asset) as	·			 
of June 30, 2017	\$	110,415	\$ 45,804	\$ (9,026)

## (i) Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$19,153 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflow Resources	 rred Inflow Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ _	\$ (11,810)
Changes of assumptions	13,542	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	 34,368	 <u> </u>
Total	\$ 47,910	\$ (11,810)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	A	Amount
2018	\$	11,770
2019		11,770
2020		9,145
2021		2,722
2022		693

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

### (11) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### (a) Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Authority provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees through the Group Insurance Commission (GIC). The GIC is a quasi-independent state agency that administers an agent multi-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Authority and can be amended by the Authority. As of January 1, 2016, the actuarial valuation date, approximately 689 retirees and survivors and 1,089 active employees meet the eligibility requirements. The plan does issue a separate financial report that can be obtained by contacting the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority, Finance Division, 100 First Avenue, Boston, MA 02129.

In April, 2015, the Authority established the MWRA Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Irrevocable Trust. The Trust was established for the sole purpose of providing for the advance funding of future costs of retired employee health insurance and other benefits provided to retirees. An initial deposit of \$10.8 million was made to the trust upon establishment of the trust. The balance of the trust was \$22.8 million and \$16.1 million at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

#### (b) Benefits Provided

The Authority provides medical, prescription drug, mental health/substance abuse and life insurance to retirees and their covered dependents. All active employees who retire from the Authority and meet the eligibility criteria will receive these benefits.

#### (c) Funding Policy

Retirees who retired on or before July 1, 1994 contribute 10% of the cost of the health plans, as determined by the GIC. Those who retired after July 1, 1994 contribute 15% of the cost of the health plan and those who retired after October 1, 2009 contribute 20% of the cost of the health plan, as determined by the GIC. The Authority contributes the remainder of the health plan costs on a pay-as-you-go basis.

#### (d) Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority's fiscal year 2017 annual OPEB expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost per year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of thirty years.

Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Dollars in thousands)

The following table shows the components of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2017, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the change in the Authority's net OPEB obligation based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 10,948
Interest on net OPEB obligation	7,485
Adjustment to ARC	 (5,869)
Annual OPEB cost	12,564
Contributions made	(9,116)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	3,448
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	106,927
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 110,375

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

		Annual	Percentage of OPEB	
Fiscal Year Ended	(	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	et OPEB bligation
2017	\$	12,564	73%	\$ 110,375
2016		16,134	61	106,927
2015		15,692	95	100,597

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

#### (e) Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2016, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 131,430
Actuarial value of plan assets	 (10,827)
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 120,603
	 0.201
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	8.2%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 8.2% 96,118

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amount and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### (f) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the Authority and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Authority and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial value of assets was \$10.8 million. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% investment rate of return and an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.5% which decreases to a 5.5% long-term trend rate for all healthcare benefits after ten years. The amortization costs for the initial UAAL is a level percentage of payroll for a period of 30 years, on an open basis. This has been calculated assuming the amortization payment increases at a rate of 3%.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

### (12) Commitments And Contingencies

#### (a) General

The Authority's capital improvement program continues to proceed. As part of this program, the Authority has entered into a number of contracts for the design and construction of infrastructure and improvements to its facilities. Commitments under these contracts aggregated approximately \$429,600 at June 30, 2017.

The Authority's operating and construction plans are designed to comply with the Federal District Court's schedule of actions. The Authority has incurred capital expenditures of approximately \$10,921,000 from fiscal years 1986 through 2017, including those projects required to comply with the Federal District Court's schedule. The Authority anticipates spending an additional \$1,575,816 on these projects through fiscal year 2023. These capital expenditures have been forecasted based upon certain preliminary assumptions and estimates, which may change significantly as design and construction of the necessary facilities proceed. Funding is expected to come from various federal and state grants, as available and approved, and from the Authority's debt proceeds. To date, federal appropriations for the Boston Harbor Project have aggregated \$810,000.

#### (b) Boston Harbor Case

The Authority continues to be a defendant, along with Boston Water and Sewer Commission (BWSC) and the Commonwealth, in the federal Boston Harbor Case. The federal action was originally brought in 1985 by the United States on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and by certain citizens groups for Clean Water Act violations. As part of the Boston Harbor Case, the Authority was required to undertake certain corrective actions to meet wastewater treatment, discharge and combined sewer overflow (CSO) requirements, including the completion of new and improved primary and secondary treatment facilities at Deer Island. Beyond these major improvements to its wastewater treatment capabilities, the Authority also was required to improve water quality in the Alewife Brook and Charles and Mystic Rivers by its adoption of a Long Term CSO Control Plan which was comprised of 35 projects, the last three of which were completed on time by the close of calendar year 2015. In March 2016 the federal district court formally received the Authority's 2015 annual CSO project report, officially noting completion of all Plan projects.

In March 2006, the Authority reached agreement with the United States and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) on the scope and schedule for the remaining CSO projects which was filed with the Court as part of a joint motion to amend the Court Schedule. In April 2006, the Court allowed the joint motion and issued an Order with a schedule. Under the Order, the Authority now has a three year performance assessment period, from 2018 through 2020, to conduct analyses which will compare project benefits of the CSO program against actual performance results and to report those findings to the district court.

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

As part of the agreement, DEP agreed to reissue and EPA agreed to approve five (5) consecutive variances of no more than three years duration each, through the year 2020, for the Charles River and Alewife Brook/Upper Mystic River that are consistent with and limited to the requirements in the Authority's revised Long Term CSO Control Plan. Variances have most recently been issued by DEP in or about August 2016. The variances will respectively remain in place for the Charles River until September 1, 2019 and for the Alewife/Upper Mystic until September 1, 2019. In addition, the United States and the Authority agreed to withdraw the February 27, 1987 Stipulation of the United States and the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority on Responsibility and Legal Liability for Combined Sewer Overflows and replace it with a Second Stipulation that requires the Authority to implement the CSO requirements set forth in the Court Schedule and to meet the levels of control described in the Authority's long term CSO Control Plan. Once these performance parameters have been reached, the Second Stipulation makes the Authority responsible for only those CSO outfalls which it owns and operates.

There has been no imposition of penalties by the Court against MWRA on the merits of the claims originally asserted in the Boston Harbor Case to date. The Court always retains the right to order remedial action and to assess penalties.

#### (c) Deer Island Submarine Power Cable

In 2004, the United States Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) notified Boston Edison Co. (NStar), its subsidiary Harbor Energy Electric Company (HEEC), and the Authority of allegations that each, as permittees, were in violation of certain depth requirements contained in a permit (MA BOSS 198900530, dated August 31, 1989) which authorized the installation of a submarine electric power cable running under the channel bed of Boston Harbor extending from South Boston to Deer Island, used to provide electric power for Deer Island operations. The Corps alleges that the power cable, in places, has been installed at depths less than those required by the permit and would eventually interfere with a project of harbor dredging known as the Boston Harbor Deep Draft Navigation Improvement Project (the "Project") which will allow deep-draft cargo vessels to dock in Boston Harbor.

MWRA's position is that it is not the owner of the cable, that it was not involved in the planning, design, location or installation of the cable, that it had no meaningful knowledge, participation in or control over the misplacement of the cable and therefore should have no legal responsibility to move it or relocate it. MWRA has also maintained that its status as a "permittee" in the Corps' permit differs substantially from that of NSTAR and HEEC as the former merely lent its name to an application for the permit solely because it would allow permit review by the Corps to be expedited. The cable is vitally important to MWRA as it provides the primary means by which electricity is delivered to Deer Island to power its wastewater operations.

Notes To Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Dollars in thousands)

#### **Settlement Efforts**

Efforts to resolve the dispute concerning compliance with the permit and responsibility for the cable protection costs date back to approximately 2005. Discussions during these prior years among the interested parties over the years produced only a proposed method intended by NSTAR and HEEC for protection of the cable from the Project which would have entailed carefully exposing the cable, placing concrete mats over it followed by backfilling of sediments over both the cable and mats without either moving it or burying the cable deeper in the channel. The Authority has consistently advised NSTAR and HEEC that it has and will accept no financial responsibility whatsoever for the costs of either protecting or relocating the cable.

#### <u>Litigation and Conditional Settlement</u>

United States of America v. NSTAR Electric Company d/b/a Eversource Energy, Harbor Electric Energy Co., and Massachusetts Water Resources Authority, U.S. District Court, District of Massachusetts, C.A. No. 16-11470-RGS As a result of the need to achieve even deeper dredging depths than the Army Corps had initially recommended in 2016 and the likelihood that those depths might not be practicably reachable especially in light of the addition of the proposal to add protective concrete mats, the United States, acting on behalf of the Corps, commenced a lawsuit in July 2016 in the federal district court in Boston against MWRA, NSTAR and HEEC under the Rivers and Harbors Act and under the Clean Water Act asking the federal district court to determine the permittees' non-compliance with the 1990 permit and to assess penalties for the obstruction caused by the mis-located cable in two shipping channels of Boston Harbor. In that lawsuit, the Corps also asked that MWRA, NSTAR and HEEC, each named as permittees under the permit, be enjoined from further maintaining the cable in its present location. MWRA filed its Answer to the Complaint, including cross claims against co-defendants NSTAR and HEEC, in August 2016. Following a failed motion to dismiss both the Complaint and MWRA's cross-claims, NSTAR and HEEC eventually filed their Answer to the Complaint and cross-claimed against MWRA upon a theory of indemnification that MWRA had the primary obligation as the sole customer of the cable to pay any and all expenses necessary to correct the location of the cable improperly installed by HEEC.

Resolution of the federal court litigation was conditionally accomplished over the period of May through July 2017 when it became imperative that the Corps be able to determine whether it would be able to save the federal appropriation dollars for the Project without the aid of or reliance upon the federal court's enforcement powers. The first component of this recent resolution was the negotiation and execution of an agreement among MWRA, NSTAR and HEEC of an agreement whereby HEEC will provide MWRA with a new 115 kV power cable over a different cross-harbor route by December 31, 2019.

The second component of the conditional resolution of the federal court lawsuit involves the entry of a Stipulation and Order in the federal lawsuit by the parties and the Court in July 2017 which, *inter alia*, compels NSTAR and HEEC, but not MWRA, to be responsible for all costs and efforts toward the design and installation, by the end of calendar year 2019 inclusive of all permitting, of the new 115 kV power cable along a new route to serve MWRA's power distribution needs at its Deer Island facility. NSTAR and HEEC, but not MWRA, have further agreed to de-energize and decommission the existing non-compliant power cable by February 2020 and remove from the harbor channels portions of the old cable by May 2020. The Order includes the potential assessment

Notes To Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

of stipulated penalties and/or actual delay damages against NSTAR and HEEC, but not MWRA, for failure without good cause to meet those milestones, the completion of which are necessary to allow the harbor and shipping channel-deepening Project to move forward. MWRA will not be a permittee with respect to the new Corps permit and satisfaction of HEEC and NSTAR's obligations regarding the installation of the new cable will preclude the Corps from any further enforcement of its 1990 permit against MWRA. All claims of all parties to the federal court lawsuit have been stayed pending satisfaction of the obligations of HEEC and NSTAR under the Stipulation and Order. Completion of all obligations under the Stipulation and Order will result in the eventual dismissal with prejudice of all such claims.

#### (d) Miscellaneous

The Authority is also a defendant in several legal actions and administrative proceedings arising out of its operation, maintenance, and improvement of the water and sewer systems under its care. It is the opinion of management that any judgments or settlements that may result from these actions will not have a materially adverse effect upon the Authority.

#### (13) Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss. The risk management program involves insurance and self insurance related to property, general liability (including automobile, marine and employers' liability), excess liability, public officials' liability, workers' compensation, unemployment liability, and employee health care and life insurance.

Buildings, plants, and equipment are fully insured on an all risk replacement basis to the extent that losses exceed \$2,500 per occurrence, up to a limit of \$300,000. The Authority maintains insurance coverage for general liability, automobile liability, marine liability, and employers' liability to the extent that losses exceed \$2,500 per occurrence, up to a limit of \$25,000. In addition to the primary liability insurance, the Authority maintains excess liability policies with additional limits of \$75,000. The Authority also maintains public officials' errors and omissions insurance with a limit of \$5,000 per occurrence with a \$1,000 deductible. All insurance policies are renewed on an annual basis.

Schedule Of Funding Progress
Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2017
(Unaudited)
(Dollars in thousands)

Other Postemployment Benefits

		A	Actuarial							UAAI	as a
		1	Accrued	U	Infunded					Perce	ntage
		1	Liability		AAL	F	unded	(	Covered	of Co	vered
	Assets	(	(AAL) –	(	(UAAL)	]	Ratio	]	Payroll	Pay	roll
Actuarial Valuation	(a)		(b)		(b-a) (a/b) (c)		(a/b) (c)		(c)	((b-a)	/(c))
January 1, 2016	\$ 10,827	\$	131,430	\$	120,603		8.2%	\$	96,118	12	25.5%
January 1, 2014	-		167,744		167,744		-		85,993	19	95.1
January 1, 2012*	-		179,595		179,595		-		82,679	2	17.2
January 1, 2010	-		192,096		192,096		-		81,372	23	36.1
January 1, 2008	-		180,833		180,833		-		79,298	22	28.0

<sup>\*</sup>Actuarial accrued liability and unfunded actuarial accrued liability is from revised January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation.

Schedules Of Employer Contributions – Last Ten Years

Required Supplementary Information – GASB No. 68

(Unaudited)

(Dollars In Thousands)

	Measurement Date Year End December 31,													
		2016		2015	2014	2013	3	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008		2007
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	3,133	\$	8,159	\$ 7,808	\$ 5,9	19	\$ 5,766	\$ 5,512	\$ 5,343	\$ 5,621	\$ 5,334	\$	4,259
Determined Contribution		4,633		8,159	12,629	12,4	47	10,490	7,363	5,343	5,621	8,630		11,358
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(1,500)	\$		\$ (4,821)	\$ (6,5	28)	\$ (4,724)	\$ (1,851)	\$ 	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (3,296)	\$	(7,099)
Employee Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Employee	\$	89,755	\$	89,169	\$ 88,646	\$ 84,8	29	\$ 84,829	\$ 82,870	\$ 82,870	\$ 81,962	\$ 82,314	\$	75,444
Covered Payroll		5.16%		9.15%	14.25%	14.6	7%	12.37%	8.89%	6.45%	6.86%	10.48%		15.05%
Notes to Required Supplementary Information														

Actuarial determined contributions for fiscal 2017 and 2018 are determined with the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation.
Entry age normal
Payments increase at 4.5% per year
9 years from July 1, 2015
Market value of assets as reported in the Plan's annual statement less unrecognized return in each of the last five years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market value return and the expected market value return and is recognized over a five-year period, further adjusted, if necessary, to be within 10% of the market value.

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	7.75%
Discount Rate	7.75%
Inflation Rate	4%
Projected Salary Increases	Based on years of service, ranging from 6% at 0 years of service decreasing to 4.25% after 9 years of service.
Cost of Living Adjustments	3% on first \$12,000

Plan Membership:	
Retired Participants and Beneficiaries	
Receiving Benefits	476
Inactive Participants Entitled to a Return	
of their Employee Contributions	47
Inactive Participants with a Vested Right	
to a Deferred or Immediate Benefit	48
Active Participants	1,090
Total	1,661

Schedules Of Changes In The Employer's Net Pension Liability And Related Ratios – Last Ten Years

Required Supplementary Information– GASB No. 68

(Unaudited)

(Dollars In Thousands)

	Measurement Date				
	December 31				
	2016	2015	2014		
Total Pension Liability:					
Service cost	\$ 11,080	\$ 10,638	\$ 10,529		
Interest	36,917	34,598	33,587		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(9,143)	-	(8,380)		
Changes of assumptions	13,298	-	4,921		
Changes of benefit terms	2,050	-	-		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(16,129)	(15,390)	(12,963)		
Net change in total pension liability	38,073	29,846	27,694		
Total pension liability - beginning	473,333	443,487	415,793		
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 511,406	\$ 473,333	\$ 443,487		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:					
Contributions - employer	\$ 4,633	\$ 8,159	\$ 12,630		
Contributions - employee	8,757	8,402	8,245		
Net investment income	24,183	(530)	20,484		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(16,129)	(15,390)	(12,963)		
Administrative expenses	(426)	(412)	(408)		
Other - military service fund					
contribution			16		
Net change in fiduciary net position	21,018	229	28,004		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	444,584	444,355	416,351		
Plan fiduciary net position - end	\$ 465,602	\$ 444,584	\$ 444,355		
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$ 45,804	\$ 28,749	\$ (868)		
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a					
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	91.04%	93.93%	100.20%		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 89,755	\$ 89,169	\$ 88,646		
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of					
Covered Employee Payroll	51.03%	32.24%	(0.98%)		

This schedule is intended to present 10 years of data. Additional years will be presented when available.

Accounts Established By The General Revenue Bond Resolution

Year Ended June 30, 2017 (comparative totals for June 30, 2016)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Cor	nstruction	R	Revenue	I	Debt Service	F	Reserves		Total
Balance – June 30, 2016	\$	119,743	\$	54,246	\$	446,515	\$	24,172	\$	644,676
Proceeds from:										
Revenue bonds and loans		113,170		-		50,000		-		163,170
Cash received from customers										
and other operating receipts		-		717,119		-		-		717,119
Interest income		722		2,777		1,187		(2,099)		2,587
Debt service grant		-		-		392		-		392
Grant receipts		169		2,895		4,160		-		7,224
Construction payments		(127,696)		-		-		-		(127,696)
Capital lease payments		(963)		-		(2,254)		-		(3,217)
Debt service payment		(945)		(46,216)		(444,549)		-		(491,710)
Other Commonwealth										
payments		-		(22,864)		-		-		(22,864)
Interfund transfers		12,942		(405,178)		392,267		(31)		-
Transfers from (to)										
operating account		671		(232,895)		2,254		-		(229,970)
Balance – June 30, 2017	\$	117,813	\$	69,884	\$	449,972	\$	22,042	\$	659,711
								To	tal	
				Sewer		Water		2017		2016
Restricted Investments:										
Construction			\$	58,514	\$	59,299	\$	117,813	\$	119,743
Debt service reserves				91,012		59,238		150,250		153,766
Debt service				199,146		74,665		273,811		266,342
Revenue redemption				5,790		20,121		25,911		26,407
Revenue				42,215		27,669		69,884		54,246
Renewal and replacement reserve				6,147		1,895		8,042		10,172
Insurance				7,000		7,000		14,000		14,000
Total restricted investments			\$	409,824	\$	249,887	\$	659,711	\$	644,676

## Combining Statement Of Net Position

## June 30, 2017

## (Dollars in thousands)

Assets	Sewer	Water	Combined Total
Unrestricted current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,020	\$ 16,246	\$ 50,266
Investments	27,922	22,933	50,855
Intergovernmental loans	8,451	22,128	30,579
Accounts receivable	95	664	759
Total unrestricted current assets	70,488	61,971	132,459
Restricted assets:			
Investments	414,381	251,963	666,344
Interest receivable	1,269	393	1,662
Total restricted assets	415,650	252,356	668,006
Capital assets:			
Capital assets – not being depreciated	72,557	84,739	157,296
Capital assets – being depreciated – net	3,567,535	2,298,583	5,866,118
Total capital assets	3,640,092	2,383,322	6,023,414
Regulatory assets	509.194	113,234	622,428
Other assets, net	47,452	154,262	201,714
Total assets	4,682,876	2,965,145	7,648,021
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows from pension	31,306	16,604	47,910
Deferred outflows from derivative instruments	32,420	3,335	35,755
Deferred outflows from refunding debt	38,815	29,529	68,344
T 1.1 1141			
Liabilities Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	55,170	1,130	56,300
Commercial paper notes	19,500	79,500	99,000
Current portion of long-term debt	147,653	46,186	193,839
Total current liabilities	222,323	126,816	349,139
Payable from restricted assets:			
Accounts payable for construction	13,849	4,998	18,847
Accrued interest on bonds payable	52,199	26,298	78,497
Reserves	35,164	22,089	57,253
Total payable from restricted assets	101,212	53,385	154,597
Retainage on construction in progress	3,477	3,621	7,098
Long-term debt – less current portion	3,405,690	1,931,929	5,337,619
Long-term capital lease	19,591	8,670	28,261
Net pension liability	29,187	16,617	45,804
Other postemployment benefits	78,008	32,367	110,375
Liability for derivative instruments	32,420	3,335	35,755
Total liabilities	3,891,908	2,176,740	6,068,648
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows from pension	7,660	4,150	11,810
Deferred inflows from regulated activities	19,573	33,702	53,275
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	248,895	481,008	729,903
Restricted	226,974	72,850	299,824
Unrestricted	390,407	246,163	636,570
Total net position	\$ 866.276	\$ 800.021	\$ 1.666.297

Commitments and contingencies

## Combining Statement Of Net Position

## June 30, 2016

## (Dollars in thousands)

Assets	Sewer	Water	Combined Total		
Unrestricted current assets:	¢ 42.095	e 25.626	¢ (7.711		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 42,085 21,446	\$ 25,626 13,772	\$ 67,711 35,218		
Intergovernmental loans	8,844	21,720	30,564		
Accounts receivable	57_	630_	687		
Total unrestricted current assets	72,432	61,748	134,180		
Restricted assets:					
Investments	398,856	252,175	651,031		
Interest receivable	932	463	1,395		
Total restricted assets	399,788	252,638	652,426		
Capital assets:	24.244	** ***			
Capital assets – not being depreciated	84,341	61,285	145,626		
Capital assets – being depreciated – net	3,640,696	2,321,768	5,962,464		
Total capital assets	3,725,037	2,383,053	6,108,090		
Regulatory assets	569,070	137,571	706,641		
Other assets, net	45,414	151,943	197,357		
Total assets	4,811,741	2,986,953	7,798,694		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred outflows from pension	25,684	13,469	39,153		
Deferred outflows from derivative instruments	54,182	5,433	59,615		
Deferred outflows from refunding debt	48,392	46,448	94,840		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses	51,902	800	52,702		
Commercial paper notes	15,000	34,000	49,000		
Current portion of long-term debt	128,514	52,561	181,075		
Total current liabilities	195,416	87,361	282,777		
Payable from restricted assets:					
Accounts payable for construction	11,414	3,174	14,588		
Accrued interest on bonds payable	51,312	24,870	76,182		
Reserves	35,665	21,756	57,421		
Total payable from restricted assets	98,391	49,800	148,191		
Retainage on construction in progress	5,276	2,203	7,479		
Long-term debt – less current portion	3,547,290	1,997,750	5,545,040		
Long-term capital lease	20,167	9,056	29,223		
Net pension liability	18,239	10,510	28,749		
Other postemployment benefits Liability for derivative instruments	75,939 54,182	30,988 5,433	106,927 59,615_		
Total liabilities	4,014,900	2,193,101	6,208,001		
Total habilities	1,011,700	2,173,101	0,200,001		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows from pension	3,665	1,921	5,586		
Deferred inflows from regulated activities	30,470	44,136	74,606		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	216,337	463,402	679,739		
Restricted	218,480	88,469	306,949		
Unrestricted	456,147	261,274	717,421		
Total net position	\$ 890,964	\$ 813,145	\$ 1,704,109		

Commitments and contingencies

# MASSACHUSETTS WATER RESOURCES AUTHORITY Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes In Net Position

## Year Ended June 30, 2017

## (Dollars in thousands)

	Sewer	Water	Combined Total
Operating revenues :			
Customer services	\$ 463,210	\$ 242,723	\$ 705,933
Other	4,770	6,073	10,843
Total operating revenues	467,980	248,796	716,776
Operating Expenses:			
Operations	63,010	43,834	106,844
Maintenance	20,909	9,890	30,799
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	8,191	8,191
Engineering, general, and administrative	86,512	53,923	140,435
Total operating expenses	170,431	115,838	286,269
Income from operating before depreciation	297,549	132,958	430,507
Depreciation and amortization	144,077	57,404	201,481
Operating Income	153,472	75,554	229,026
Regulatory accounting provisions:			
Change in reserves	502	(334)	168
Change in regulatory provisions, net	(48,980)	(13,902)	(62,882)
Total regulatory accounting provisions	(48,478)	(14,236)	(62,714)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Debt service grant	363	28	391
Investment income	2,998	126	3,124
Interest expense	(138,308)	(79,495)	(217,803)
Changes in derivative related accounts	2,528	412	2,940
Total nonoperating expenses	(132,419)	(78,929)	(211,348)
Net loss before capital grants and contributions	(27,425)	(17,611)	(45,036)
Capital grants and contributions	2,737	4,487	7,224
Decrease in net position	(24,688)	(13,124)	(37,812)
Total net position - beginning of year	890,964	813,145	1,704,109
Total net position - end of year	\$ 866,276	\$ 800,021	\$ 1,666,297

## Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes In Net Position

## Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Dollars in thousands)

	Sewer	Water	Combined Total
Operating revenues:			
Customer services	\$ 448,613	\$ 234,888	\$ 683,501
Other	4,458	9,014	13,472
Total operating revenues	453,071	243,902	696,973
Operating Expenses:			
Operations	57,051	41,921	98,972
Maintenance	22,814	8,164	30,978
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	8,129	8,129
Engineering, general, and administrative	82,821	51,138	133,959
Total operating expenses	162,686	109,352	272,038
Income from operating before depreciation	290,385	134,550	424,935
Depreciation and amortization	140,664	56,464	197,128
Operating Income	149,721	78,086	227,807
Regulatory accounting provisions:			
Change in reserves	415	(380)	35
Change in regulatory provisions, net	(39,993)	(32,204)	(72,197)
Total regulatory accounting provisions	(39,578)	(32,584)	(72,162)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Debt service grant	807	67	874
Investment income	9,244	10,032	19,276
Interest expense	(150,788)	(73,621)	(224,409)
Changes in derivative related accounts	2,528	412	2,940
Total nonoperating expenses	(138,209)	(63,110)	(201,319)
Net loss before capital grants and contributions	(28,066)	(17,608)	(45,674)
Capital grants and contributions	26,248	11,942	38,190
Decrease in net position	(1,818)	(5,666)	(7,484)
Total net position - beginning of year	892,782	818,811	1,711,593
Total net position - end of year	\$ 890,964	\$ 813,145	\$ 1,704,109